

# **User Guide**

### 300Mbps Multi-Mode Wireless N Router

MW302R

REV1.0.0 1910080049

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### http://www.mercusys.com

# CE Mark Warning

This is a class B product. In a domestic environment, this product may cause radio interference, in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.

### **OPERATING FREQUENCY (the maximum transmitted power)**

2400 MHz -2483.5 MHz(20dBm)

### EU declaration of conformity

MERCUSYS hereby declares that the device is in compliance with the essential requirements and other relevant provisions of directives 2014/53/EU, 2009/125/EC, 2011/65/EU and (EU)2015/863. The original EU declaration of conformity may be found at http://www.mercusys.com/en/ce.

### **RF Exposure Information**

This device meets the EU requirements (2014/53/EU Article 3.1a) on the limitation of exposure of the general public to electromagnetic fields by way of health protection.

The device complies with RF specifications when the device used at 20 cm from your body.



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# EHC

### **Safety Information**

- Keep the device away from water, fire, humidity or hot environments.
- Do not attempt to disassemble, repair, or modify the device.
- Do not use damaged charger or USB cable to charge the device.
- Do not use any other chargers than those recommended.
- Do not use the device where wireless devices are not allowed.
- Adapter shall be installed near the equipment and shall be easily accessible.
- Li Use only power supplies which are provided by manufacturer and in the original packing of this product. If you have any questions, please don't hesitate to contact us.

Please read and follow the above safety information when operating the device. We cannot guarantee that no accidents or damage will occur due to improper use of the device. Please use this product with care and operate at your own risk.

### **NCC** Notice

注意!

依據 低功率電波輻射性電機管理辦法

第十二條 經型式認證合格之低功率射頻電機,非經許可,公司、商號或使用者均不得擅自變更 頻率、加大功率或變更原設計之特性或功能。

第十四條 低功率射頻電機之使用不得影響飛航安全及干擾合法通信;經發現有干擾現象時,應 立即停用,並改善至無干擾時方得繼續使用。前項合法通信,指依電信規定作業之無線電信。 低功率射頻電機需忍受合法通信或工業、科學以及醫療用電波輻射性電機設備之干擾。

### **BSMI** Notice

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- •請使用原裝電源供應器或只能按照本產品注明的電源類型使用本產品。
- •清潔本產品之前請先拔掉電源線。請勿使用液體、噴霧清潔劑或濕布進行清潔。
- •注意防潮,請勿將水或其他液體潑灑到本產品上。
- •插槽與開口供通風使用,以確保本產品的操作可靠並防止過熱,請勿堵塞或覆蓋開口。
- 請勿將本產品置放於靠近熱源的地方。除非有正常的通風,否則不可放在密閉位置中。
- •請不要私自打開機殼,不要私自拆開機殼或自行維修,如產品有故障請與原廠或代理商聯繫。

產品元件名			限用物質	及其化學符號	3	
稱	鉛 Pb	鎘 Cd	汞 Hg	六價鉻 CrVI	多溴聯苯 PBB	多溴二苯醚 PBDE
PCB	0	0	0	0	0	0
外殼	0	0	0	0	0	0
電源供應器		0	0	0	0	0
備考 1. "超出 分比含量基 備考 2. "〇 備考 3. "—"	準值。 " 系指該項	限用物質之	百分比含量			

### Explanation of the symbols on the product label

Symbol	Explanation
	Class II equipment
$\sim$	AC voltage
	DC voltage
♦€♦	Polarity of output terminals
$\bigtriangleup$	Indoor use only
VI	Energy efficiency Marking
	RECYCLING
	This product bears the selective sorting symbol for Waste electrical and electronic equipment
X	(WEEE). This means that this product must be handled pursuant to European directive 2012/19/ EU in order to be recycled or dismantled to minimize its impact on the environment.
—	User has the choice to give his product to a competent recycling organization or to the retailer
	when he buys a new electrical or electronic equipment.

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### Conventions

The router or MW302R, or device mentioned in this User Guide stands for MW302R 300Mbps Multi-Mode Wireless N Router without any explanations.

Features available in the router may vary by model and software version. Router availability may also vary by region or ISP. All images, steps, and descriptions in this guide are only examples and may not reflect your actual router experience.

### **More Info**

Specifications and the latest software can be found at the product page at the official website http://www.mercusys.com.

The Quick Installation Guide can be found where you find this guide or inside the package of the router.

### **Speed/Coverage Disclaimer**

\*Maximum wireless signal rates are the physical rates derived from IEEE Standard 802.11 specifications. Actual wireless data throughput and wireless coverage are not guaranteed and will vary as a result of 1) environmental factors, including building materials, physical objects, and obstacles, 2) network conditions, including local interference, volume and density of traffic, product location, network complexity, and network overhead, and 3) client limitations, including rated performance, location, connection, quality, and client condition.

### **Chapter 1. Introduction**

### 1.1. Product Overview

The router integrates 3-port Switch, Firewall, NAT-Router and Wireless AP. Powered by 2x2 MIMO technology, the router delivers exceptional range and speed, which can fully meet the need of Small Office/Home Office (SOHO) networks and the users demanding higher networking performance.

### 1.2. Product Appearance

# MERCLISYS

### 1.2.1. The Front Panel

The router's LEDs are located on the front panel (View from left to right).

Name	Status	Indication
.M.	Off	Power is off.
(SYS)	Flashing	The system is starting up or firmware is being upgraded*.
(313)	On	Power is on.
	Off	The Wireless function is disabled.
ŝ	Flashing	WPS connection is in progress. This may take up to 2 minutes.
(WIFI)	On	The Wireless function is enabled.

Name	Status	Indication
	Off	Router Mode/Access Point Mode: The WAN port is not connected. Range Extender/WISP Mode: The router is not connected to the host network.
(WAN)	Flashing	Router Mode: The WAN port is connected, but internet is not available. WISP Mode: Internet is not available.
	On	Router/WISP Mode: Internet is available. Access Point Mode: The WAN port is connected. Range Extender Mode: The router is connected to the host network.
Ū	Off	Neither LAN port is connected.
(LAN)	On	At least one LAN port is connected.

\* To avoid device damage, do not disconnect or power off your router during upgrade.

### 1.2.2. The Rear Panel



### The following items are located on the rear panel (View from left to right).

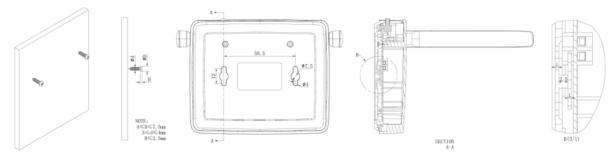
ltem	Description
LAN Ports	These ports connect the router to the local devices.
WAN Port	This port is where you will connect the router to the DSL/cable Modem, or Ethernet.
POWER Socket	The power socket is where you will connect the power adapter. Please use the power adapter provided with this router.
<b>RESET Button</b>	Press and hold this button for more than 5 seconds to reset the router.
Wireless Antennas	To receive and transmit the wireless data.

## Chapter 2. Connect to the Internet

### 2.1. Position Your Router

- The product should not be located in a place where it will be exposed to moisture or excessive heat.
- Place the router in a location where it can be connected to multiple devices as well as to a power source.
- Make sure the cables and power cord are safely placed out of the way so they do not create a tripping hazard.
- The router can be placed on a shelf or desktop.
- Keep the router away from devices with strong electromagnetic reference, such as Bluetooth devices, cordless phones and microwaves.

Generally, the router is placed on a horizontal surface, such as on a shelf or desktop. The device also can be mounted on the wall as shown in the following figure.



Note:

The diameter of the screw head, 4mm<D<7.5mm, and the distance of two screws is 58.5mm. The screw that project from the wall need around 3.5mm based, and the length of the screw need to be at least 20mm to withstand the weight of the product.

### 2.2. Connect to the Internet

The Router provides four working modes: Wireless Router, Access Point, Range Extender and WISP. You can choose the mode to better suit your network needs and follow the guide to complete the configuration.

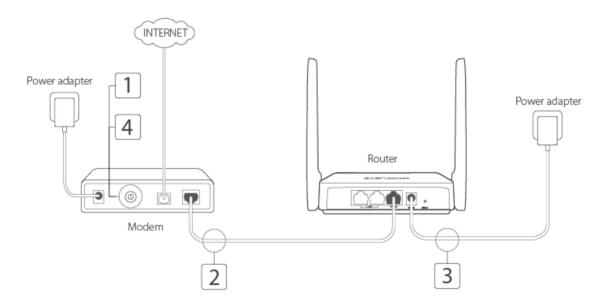
### 2. 2. 1. Wireless Router Mode

In this mode, the router can provide internet access for multiple wired and wireless devices. This mode is required most commonly.



1. Follow the steps below to connect your router.

If your Internet connection is through an Ethernet cable from the wall instead of through a DSL/Cable/Satellite modem, connect the Ethernet cable directly to the router's Internet port, then follow steps 4 and 5 to complete the hardware connection.



- 1) Turn off the modem, and remove the backup battery if it has one.
- 2) Connect the modem to the router's WAN port with an Ethernet cable.
- 3) Turn on the modem, and then wait about **2 minutes** for it to restart.
- 4) Connect the power adapter to the router.
- 2. Connect your computer to the router.
  - Method 1: Wired

Turn off the Wi-Fi on your computer and connect the devices as shown below.

- Method 2: Wirelessly
- 1) Find the SSID (Network Name) printed on the label at the bottom of the router.
- 2) Click the network icon of your computer or go to Wi-Fi Settings of your smart device, and then select the SSID to join the network.
- 3. Enter <u>http://mwlogin.net</u> in the address bar of a web browser. Create a password to log in.

Create an administrator pa	assword
or security purposes, create a loca for login before starting the quic	
ew Password:	
	ø
Please enter 1-32 characters usin combination of numbers and sym	
onfirm Password:	
	ø

#### Note:

If the above screen does not pop-up, it means that your IE Web-browser has been set to a proxy. Go to menu **Tools** > **Internet Options** > **Connections** > **LAN Settings**, in the screen that appears, untick the **Using Proxy** checkbox, and click **OK**.

- 4. Follow the Quick Setup to set up the internet connection.
- 5. **Enjoy!** For wireless devices, you may have to reconnect to the wireless network if you have customized the SSID (wireless name) and password during the configuration.

### 2. 2. 2. Access Point Mode

In this mode, the router changes an existing wired network into a wireless one.



- 1. Connect the power adapter to the router.
- 2. Connect the router's WAN port (recommended) to your wired host router's LAN port via an Ethernet cable as shown above.
- **3.** Connect a computer to the router via an Ethernet cable or wirelessly by using the SSID (network name) printed on the bottom label of the router.

4. Enter <u>http://mwlogin.net</u> in the address bar of a web browser. Create a password to log in.

Create an administrator pas	sword
or security purposes, create a local for login before starting the quick	
lew Password:	
	ø
Please enter 1-32 characters using combination of numbers and symbol	
onfirm Password:	
	ø

Note:

If the above screen does not pop-up, it means that your IE Web-browser has been set to a proxy. Go to menu Tools > Internet Options > Connections > LAN Settings, in the screen that appears, untick the Using Proxy checkbox, and click OK.

- 5. Click **Change Mode** in the top right corner and select **Access Point Mode**. Wait for the router to reboot.
- 6. Follow the **Quick Setup** to set up the internet connection.
- 7. **Enjoy!** Connect to the wireless network by using the SSID (network name) and password of the router.

### 2. 2. 3. Range Extender Mode

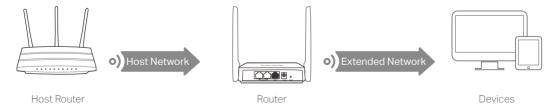
In this mode, the router boosts the existing wireless coverage in your home.



- 1. Connect the power adapter to the router.
- 2. Connect a computer to the router via an Ethernet cable or wirelessly by using the SSID (wireless name) printed on the bottom label of the router.
- 3. Enter <u>http://mwlogin.net</u> in the address bar of a web browser. Create a password to log in.

For security purposes, create a local password for login before starting the quick setup. New Password:
ø
Ø
Place enter 1.22 characters using a
combination of numbers and symbols.
Confirm Password:
ø

- 4. Click **Change Mode** in the top right corner and select **Range Extender Mode**. Wait for the router to reboot.
- 5. Follow the **Quick Setup** to set up the internet connection.
- 6. **Relocate:** Place the router between your host router and the Wi-Fi dead zone. The location you choose must be within the range of your existing host network.



7. Enjoy! You can customize the SSID and password of the extended network.

### 2. 2. 4. WISP Mode

In this mode, the router connects to the ISP network wirelessly in areas without wired service.



- 1. Connect the power adapter to the router and power on the router.
- 2. Connect a computer to the router via an Ethernet cable or wirelessly by using the SSID (wireless name) printed on the bottom label of the router.
- 3. Enter <u>http://mwlogin.net</u> in the address bar of a web browser. Create a password to log in.

Create an administrator p	assword
r security purposes, create a lo for login before starting the qu	cal password
ew Password:	
	ø
Please enter 1-32 characters us combination of numbers and syr	
onfirm Password:	
	ø
Let's Get Started	-

- 4. Click **Change Mode** in the top right corner and select **WISP Mode**. Wait for the router to reboot.
- 5. Follow the **Quick Setup** to set up the internet connection.
- 6. **Enjoy!** Connect your devices to the wireless network and enjoy the internet.

## Chapter 3. Log In to the Router

This chapter introduces how to log in to the web management page of the router.

With the web-based utility, it is easy to configure and manage the router. The web-based utility can be used on any Windows, Macintosh or UNIX OS with a Web browser, such as Microsoft the Internet Explorer, Mozilla Firefox or Apple Safari.

Follow the steps below to log in to your router.

- 1. Set up the TCP/IP Protocol in Obtain an IP address automatically mode on your computer.
- 2. Visit <u>http://mwlogin.net</u>, and log in with the password you set for the router.

→	- <del>-</del> ۹
Log In with Local Password	
Local Password:	
LOG IN Forget Password	12

#### Note:

If the login window does not appear, please refer to the FAQ section.

# Chapter 4. Configure the Router in Wireless Router Mode

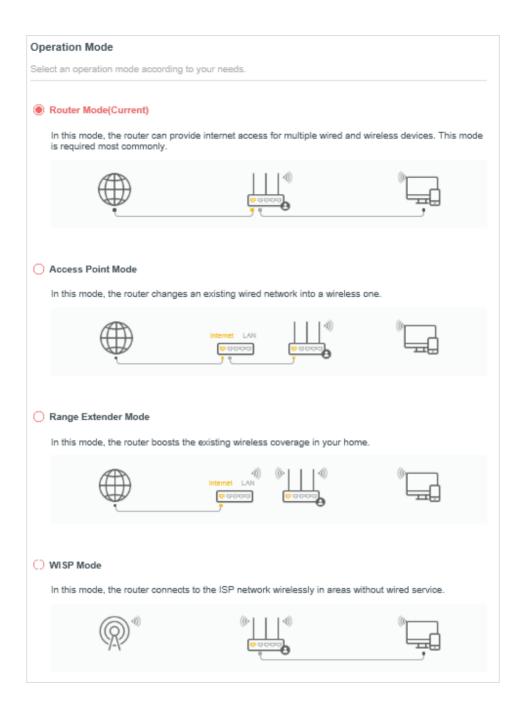
This chapter presents how to configure the various features of the router working as a wireless router.

It contains the following sections:

- Operation Mode
- <u>Network</u>
- Wireless
- NAT Forwarding
- Parental Controls
- <u>QoS</u>
- <u>Security</u>
- <u>IPv6</u>
- <u>System</u>

### 4.1. Operation Mode

- 1. Visit <u>http://mwlogin.net</u>, and log in with the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to **Advanced > Operation Mode**.
- 3. Select the working mode as needed and click SAVE.



### 4.2. Network

### 4.2.1. Status

- 1. Visit **<u>http://mwlogin.net</u>**, and log in with password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to **Advanced** > **Network** > **Status**. You can view the current status information of the router.

Status	
Internet status overview is displayed on	this page.
Internet	
	Disconnected
Internet Connection Type:	
IP Address:	
Subnet Mask:	255.255.0.0
Default Gateway:	3.3.3.3
Primary DNS:	4.4.4.4
Secondary DNS:	5.5.5.5
LAN	
	88-CD-04-81-92-55
IP Address:	192.168.1.14
Subnet Mask:	255.255.255.0
IPTV/VLAN	
LAN1:	Internet
LAN2:	Internet
LAN3:	VoIP
LAN4:	IPTV
DHCP Server	
DHCP Server:	Disabled
Dynamic DNS	
Service Provider:	DynDNS
Host Name:	a.cn
Status	Connecting

 Internet - This field displays the current settings of the internet, and you can configure them on the Advanced > Network > Internet page.

- **Status** Indicates whether the router has been connected to the internet.
- Internet Connection Type Indicates the way in which your router is connected to the internet.
- IP Address The WAN IP address of the router.
- Subnet Mask The subnet mask associated with the WAN IP address.
- **Default Gateway** The Gateway currently used is shown here. When you use Dynamic IP as the internet connection type, click **Renew** or **Release** here to obtain new IP parameters dynamically from the ISP or release them.
- **Primary & Secondary DNS** The IP addresses of DNS (Domain Name System) server.
- LAN This field displays the current settings of the LAN, and you can configure them on the Advanced > Network > LAN page.
  - MAC Address The physical address of the router.
  - IP Address The LAN IP address of the router.
  - **Subnet Mask** The subnet mask associated with the LAN IP address.
- DHCP Server This field displays the current settings of DHCP (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol) Server, and you can configure them on the Network > DHCP Server page.
  - **DHCP Server** Indicates whether the DHCP server is enabled of disabled. It is enabled by default and the router acts as a DHCP server.
  - IP Address Pool The IP address range for the DHCP server to assign IP addresses.
- Dynamic DNS This field displays the current settings of the Dynamic DNS (Domain Name System), and you can configure them on the Advanced > Network > Dynamic DNS page.
  - Service Provider The Dynamic DNS service provider you have signed up for.
  - Host Name The Domain Name you have entered in the Dynamic DNS page.
  - **Status** The status of the Dynamic DNS service connection.

### 4.2.2. Internet

- 1. Visit <u>http://mwlogin.net</u>, and log in with the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to **Advanced > Network > Internet**.
- 3. Set up the internet connection and click **SAVE**.

### Dynamic IP

If your ISP provides the DHCP service, please select **Dynamic IP**, and the router will automatically get IP parameters from your ISP.

Click **RENEW** to renew the IP parameters from your ISP.

Click **RELEASE** to release the IP parameters.

Internet Set up an internet connection with the se provider).	ervice information provided by your ISP (i	nternet service
Internet Connection Type:	Dynamic IP 🗸	
IP Address:	0.0.0.0	
Subnet Mask:	0.0.0.0	
Default Gateway:	0.0.0.0	
Primary DNS:	0.0.0.0	
Secondary DNS:	0.0.0.0	
	RENEW	
	RELEASE	
	<ul> <li>Advanced Settings</li> </ul>	
DNS Address:	Use the Following DNS Addresses/	
Primary DNS:	192.168.0.111	
Secondary DNS:	0.0.0.0	(Optional)
MTU Size:		
Host Name:	The default is 1500, do not change un	less necessary.
Hust Name.	Sugar	

- **MTU Size** The normal MTU (Maximum Transmission Unit) value for most Ethernet networks is 1500 Bytes. It is not recommended that you change the default MTU size unless required by your ISP.
- Host Name This option specifies the name of the router.
- Get IP with Unicast DHCP A few ISPs' DHCP servers do support the broadcast applications. If you cannot get the IP address normally, you can choose this option (it is rarely required).

### **Static IP**

If your ISP provides a static or fixed IP address, subnet mask, default gateway and DNS setting, please select **Static IP**.

	rvice information provided by your ISP (	
Internet Connection Type:	Static IP V	
IP Address:	160.100.0.11	
Subnet Mask:	258.248.256.0	
Default Gateway:	162.168-0.111	
Primary DNS:	100,100,0.111	
Secondary DNS:	0.0.0	(Optional)
MTU Size:	1500 bytes	

- IP Address Enter the IP address in dotted-decimal notation provided by your ISP.
- **Subnet Mask** Enter the subnet mask in dotted-decimal notation provided by your ISP. Normally 255.255.255.0 is used as the subnet mask.
- **Default Gateway** Enter the gateway IP address in dotted-decimal notation provided by your ISP.
- **Primary/Secondary DNS** (Optional) Enter one or two DNS addresses in dotted-decimal notation provided by your ISP.
- **MTU Size** The normal MTU (Maximum Transmission Unit) value for most Ethernet networks is 1500 bytes. It is not recommended that you change the default MTU size unless required by your ISP.

### **PPPoE**

If your ISP provides PPPoE connection, select **PPPoE**.

provider).	ervice information provided by your ISP (internet service
Internet Connection Type:	PPPoE 🗸
Username:	admin
Password:	ø
IP Address:	0.0.0.0
Primary DNS:	0.0.0.0
Secondary DNS:	0.0.0.0
	<ul> <li>Advanced Settings</li> </ul>
Secondary Connection:	None 🗸
MTU Size:	1480 bytes
	The default is 1480, do not change unless necessary.
Service Name:	github (Leave blank unless ISP requires.)
Access Concentrator Name:	
	(Leave blank unless ISP requires.)
Detect Online Interval:	12 seconds
IP Address:	Get Dynamically from ISP 🛛 🗸
DNS Address:	Get Dynamically from ISP $\sim$
Primary DNS:	0.0.0.0
Secondary DNS:	0.0.0.0
Connection Mode:	On Demand V
	(Disconnect after max idle time and reconnect on demand.
Max Idle Time:	33 minutes (0 means always connected.)
	te means amays connected.)

- **Username/Password** Enter the user name and password provided by your ISP. These fields are case-sensitive.
- Secondary Connection It's available only for PPPoE connection. If your ISP provides an extra connection type, select Dynamic IP or Static IP to activate the secondary connection.
- **MTU Size** The default MTU size is 1480 bytes. It is not recommended that you change the default MTU size unless required by your ISP.

- **Service Name** The service name should not be configured unless you are sure it is necessary for your ISP. In most cases, leaving these fields blank will work.
- Access Concentrator Name The access concentrator name should not be configured unless you are sure it is necessary for your ISP. In most cases, leaving these fields blank will work.
- **Detect Online Interval** The router will detect Access Concentrator online at every interval. The default value is 10. You can input the value between 0 and 120. The value 0 means no detect.
- IP Address The default setting is to get an IP address dynamically from your ISP. If your ISP does not automatically assign IP addresses to the router, please select Use the Following IP Address and enter the IP address provided by your ISP in dotted-decimal notation.
- DNS Address The default setting is to get an IP address dynamically from your ISP. If your ISP does not automatically assign DNS addresses to the router, please select Use the Following DNS Addresses and enter the IP address in dotted-decimal notation of your ISP's primary DNS server. If a secondary DNS server address is available, enter it as well.
- **Connection Mode** Select an appropriate connection mode that determines how to connect to the internet.
  - **Auto** In this mode, the internet connection reconnects automatically any it gets disconnected.
  - **On Demand** In this mode, the internet connection will be terminated automatically after a specified inactivity period (Max Idle Time) and be re-established when you attempt to access the internet again.
  - **Time-based** In this mode, the internet connection is only established in a specific timeframe. If this option is selected, enter the start time and end time. Both are in HH:MM format.
  - Manual In this mode, the internet connection is controlled manually by clicking the Connect/Disconnect button. This mode also supports the Max Idle Time function as On Demand mode. Enter a maximum time (in minutes), the internet connection can be inactive before it is terminated into the Max Idle Time. The default value is 15 minutes. If you want the internet connection remains active all the time, enter 0 (zero).

### Note:

Sometimes the connection cannot be terminated although you have specified the **Max Idle Time** because some applications are visiting the internet continually in the background.

### L2TP

If your ISP provides L2TP connection, please select L2TP.

provider).		
Internet Connection Type:	L2TP v	
Username:	123	
Password:	ø	
IP Address:	0.0.0.0	
Primary DNS:	0.0.0.0	
Secondary DNS:	0.0.0.0	
	🖲 Dynamic IP	
	Static IP	
VPN Server IP/Domain Name:	123.com	
IP Address:	0.0.0.0	
Subnet Mask:	0.0.0.0	
Default Gateway:	0.0.0.0	
Primary DNS:	0.0.0.0	
Secondary DNS:	0.0.0.0	
MTU Size:	1460	
	The default is 1460, do not change un	less necessary.
Connection Mode:	Auto 🗸	
	CONNECT	

- **Username/Password** Enter the username and password provided by your ISP. These fields are case-sensitive.
- VPN Server IP/ Domain Name Enter the VPN server's IP address or domain name provided by your ISP.
- **MTU Size** The default MTU size is "1460" bytes, which is usually fine. It is not recommended that you change the default MTU Size unless required by your ISP.
- Connection Mode
  - **Auto** In this mode, the internet connection reconnects automatically any it gets disconnected.
  - **On Demand** In this mode, the internet connection will be terminated automatically after a specified inactivity period (Max Idle Time) and be re-established when you attempt to access the internet again.

Manual - In this mode, the internet connection is controlled manually by clicking the Connect/Disconnect button. This mode also supports the Max Idle Time function as On Demand mode. Enter a maximum time (in minutes), the internet connection can be inactive before it is terminated into the Max Idle Time. The default value is 15 minutes. If you want the internet connection remains active all the time, enter 0 (zero).

#### Note:

Sometimes the connection cannot be terminated although you have specified the **Max Idle Time** because some applications are visiting the internet continually in the background.

### **PPTP**

If your ISP provides PPTP connection, please select **PPTP**.

provider).	ervice information provided by your ISP (internet service
Internet Connection Type:	PPTP v
Username:	444
Password:	•••• Ø
IP Address:	0.0.0.0
Primary DNS:	0.0.0.0
Secondary DNS:	0.0.0.0
	<ul> <li>Dynamic IP</li> <li>Static IP</li> </ul>
VPN Server IP/Domain Name:	1238.com
IP Address:	0.0.0.0
Subnet Mask:	0.0.0.0
Default Gateway:	0.0.0.0
Primary DNS:	0.0.0.0
Secondary DNS:	0.0.0.0
MTU Size:	
Connection Mode:	The default is 1420, do not change unless necessary.           Auto         V
	CONNECT

• **Username/Password** - Enter the username and password provided by your ISP. These fields are case-sensitive.

- VPN Server IP/ Domain Name Enter the VPN server's IP address or domain name provided by your ISP.
- **MTU Size** The default MTU size is "1420" bytes, which is usually fine. It is not recommended that you change the default MTU Size unless required by your ISP.
- Connection Mode
  - **Auto** In this mode, the internet connection reconnects automatically any it gets disconnected.
  - **On Demand** In this mode, the internet connection will be terminated automatically after a specified inactivity period (Max Idle Time) and be re-established when you attempt to access the internet again.
  - **Manual** In this mode, the internet connection is controlled manually by clicking the **Connect/Disconnect** button. This mode also supports the **Max Idle Time** function as **On Demand** mode. Enter a maximum time (in minutes), the internet connection can be inactive before it is terminated into the Max Idle Time. The default value is 15 minutes. If you want the internet connection remains active all the time, enter 0 (zero).

### Note:

Sometimes the connection cannot be terminated although you have specified the **Max Idle Time** because some applications are visiting the internet continually in the background.

### 4.2.3. MAC Clone

- 1. Visit <u>http://mwlogin.net</u>, and log in with the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to **Advanced > Network > Internet** and locate the MAC Clone section.
- 3. Configure Router MAC Address and click SAVE.

MAC Clon	e		
	Router MAC Address:	Clone Current Device MAC	~
		Use Default MAC Address Clone Current Device MAC	
NAT		Use Custom MAC Address	

- Use Default MAC Address Do not change the default MAC address of your router in case the ISP does not bind the assigned IP address to the MAC address.
- Use Current MAC Address Select to copy the current MAC address of the computer that is connected to the router, in case the ISP binds the assigned IP address to the MAC address.

• Use Custom MAC Address - Select if your ISP requires you to register the MAC address and enter the correct MAC address in this field, in case the ISP binds the assigned IP address to the specific MAC address.

### Note:

- You can only use the MAC Address Clone function for PCs on the LAN.
- If you have changed the WAN MAC address when the WAN connection is PPPoE, it will not take effect until the connection is re-established.

### 4.2.4. LAN

- 1. Visit <u>http://mwlogin.net</u>, and log in with the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to Advanced > Network > LAN.
- 3. Configure the IP parameters of the LAN and click SAVE.

LAN	
View and configure LAN settings.	
MAC Address:	88-CD-04-81-92-55
IP Address:	192.168.1.1
Subnet Mask:	255.255.255.0 🗸

- MAC Address The physical address of the LAN ports. The value can not be changed.
- **IP Address** Enter the IP address in dotted-decimal notation of your router (the default one is 192.168.1.1).
- **Subnet Mask** An address code that determines the size of the network. Normally 255.255.255.0 is used as the subnet mask.

#### Note:

- If you have changed the IP address, you must use the new IP address to log in.
- If the new IP address you set is not in the same subnet as the old one, the IP address pool in the DHCP Server will be configured automatically, but the Virtual Server and DMZ Host will not take effect until they are re-configured.

### 4.2.5. IPTV/VLAN

- 1. Visit <u>http://mwlogin.net</u>, and log in with the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to Advanced > Network > IPTV/VLAN.
- 3. Configure IPTV/VLAN settings if you want to enjoy IPTV or VoIP service, or if your ISP requires VLAN tags.

IPTV/VLAN			
Configure IPTV/VLAN settings if you wai ags.	nt to enjoy IPTV or Vo	IP service, or if your ISP require	s Vl
IPTV/VLAN:	Enable		
Mode:	Bridge	~	
LAN1:	Internet	~	

- IPTV/VLAN Select to enable the IPTV feature.
- Mode Select the appropriate mode according to your ISP.
- LAN 1/2 Assign your LAN port to whether function as the internet supplier or as the IPTV supplier.

### 4.2.6. DHCP Server

By default, the DHCP (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol) Server is enabled and the router acts as a DHCP server; it dynamically assigns TCP/IP parameters to client devices from the IP Address Pool. You can change the settings of DHCP Server if necessary, and you can reserve LAN IP addresses for specified client devices.

- To specify the IP address that the router assigns:
- 1. Visit <u>http://mwlogin.net</u>, and log in with the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to Advanced > Network > DHCP Server and locate the DHCP Server section.

DHCP Server:	Enable	
IP Address Pool:	192.168.1.100 - 192.168.1.199	
Address Lease Time:	120 minutes	
Default Gateway:	192.168.1.1	(Optional)
Primary DNS:	0.0.0.0	(Optional)
Secondary DNS:	0.0.0.0	(Optional)

- 1. Tick the **Enable** checkbox.
- 2. Enter the starting and ending IP addresses in the IP Address Pool.
- 3. Enter other parameters if the ISP offers. The **Default Gateway** is automatically filled in and is the same as the LAN IP address of the router.

### 4. Click SAVE.

### Note:

To use the DHCP server function of the router, you must configure all computers on the LAN as Obtain an IP Address automatically.

- To reserve an IP address for a specified client device:
- 1. Visit <u>http://mwlogin.net</u>, and log in with the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to **Advanced > Network > DHCP Server** and locate the **Address Reservation** section.
- 3. Click Add in the Address Reservation section.

Address Reservation	on			
Reserve IP addresses	Reserve IP addresses for specific devices connected to the router.			
				🔂 Add
Device Name	MAC Address	Reserved IP Address	Status	Modify
No Entries in this ta	ble.			

 Click VIEW CONNECTED DEVICES and select the you device you want to reserve an IP for. Then the MAC and IP Address will be automatically filled in. You can also enter the MAC and IP address of the client device.

Add a Reservation Entry		×
MAC Address:		
(	VIEW CONNECTED DEVICES	
IP Address:		
	CANCEL	SAVE

- To check the DHCP client list:
- 1. Visit <u>http://mwlogin.net</u>, and log in with the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to **Advanced > Network > DHCP Server** and locate the **DHCP Client List** section. You can see the device information of the list.
- 3. Click **Refresh** to see the current attached devices.

DHCP Client List				
View the devices that are currently assigned with IP addresses by the DHCP server.				
			~	
Total Clients: 66			G Refres	
Device Name	MAC Address	Assigned IP Address	Lease Time	

### 4.2.7. Dynamic DNS

The router offers the DDNS (Dynamic Domain Name System) feature, which allows the hosting of a website, FTP server, or e-mail server with a fixed domain name (named by yourself) and a dynamic IP address. Thus your friends can connect to your server by entering your domain name no matter what your IP address is. Before using this feature, you need to sign up for DDNS service providers such as www.comexe.cn, www.dyndns.org, or www.noip.com. The Dynamic DNS client service provider will give you a password or key.

- 1. Visit <u>http://mwlogin.net</u>, and log in with the username and password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to Advanced > Network > Dynamic DNS.
- 3. Select the **DDNS Service Provider**: NO-IP or DynDNS. If you don't have a DDNS account, you have to register first by clicking **Register Now**.

Dynamic DNS		
Assign a fixed host name (domain name router.	) for remote access to your device, webs	site, or server behind the
Service Provider:	DynDNS 🗸	Register Now
Username:	facilities	
Password:	•••••• Ø	
Domain Name:	800	
Status:	Connecting	
	LOGIN AND SAVE	
	LOGOUT	

- 4. Enter the **Username** for your DDNS account.
- 5. Enter the **Password** for your DDNS account.
- 6. Enter the **Domain Name** you received from dynamic DNS service provider here.
- 7. If your service provider is NO-IP, select **WAN IP binding** to ensure that the domain name is bound to the WAN IP of this router.

### 8. Click LOGIN AND SAVE.

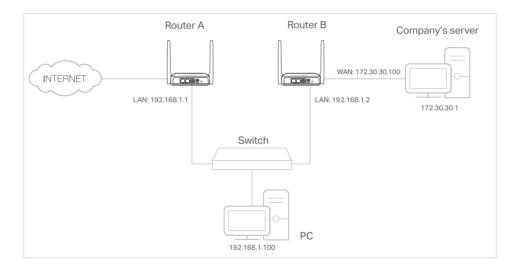
### 4.2.8. Static Routing

Static Routing is a form of routing that is configured manually by a network administrator or a user by adding entries into a routing table. The manually-configured routing information guides the router in forwarding data packets to the specific destination.

### I want to:

Visit multiple networks and servers at the same time.

For example, in a small office, my PC can surf the internet through Router A, but I also want to visit my company's network. Now I have a switch and Router B. I connect the devices as shown in the following figure so that the physical connection between my PC and my company's server is established. To surf the internet and visit my company's network at the same time, I need to configure the static routing.



### How can I do that?

- 1. Change the routers' LAN IP addresses to two different IP addresses on the same subnet. Disable Router B's DHCP function.
- 2. Visit <u>http://mwlogin.net</u>, and log in with the password you set for Router A.
- 3. Go to Advanced > Network > Routing and locate the Static Routing section.
- 4. Click Add and finish the settings according to the following explanations:

Add a Routing Entry		×
Network Destination:		
Subnet Mask:		
Default Gateway:		
Interface:	WAN 🗸	
Description:		
	0.000	
	CANCEL	SAVE

- Network Destination The destination IP address that you want to assign to a static route. This IP address cannot be on the same subnet with the WAN IP or LAN IP of Router A. In the example, the IP address of the company network is the destination IP address, so here enter 172.30.30.1.
- **Subnet Mask** The Subnet Mask determines which portion of an IP address is the network portion, and which portion is the host portion.
- **Default Gateway** The IP address of the gateway device to which the data packets will be sent. This IP address must be on the same subnet with the router's IP which sends out data. In the example, the data packets will be sent to the LAN port of Router B and then to the Server, so the default gateway should be 192.168.1.2.
- Interface Determined by the port (WAN/LAN) that sends out data packets. In the example, the data are sent to the gateway through the LAN port of Router A, so LAN should be selected.
- **Description** Enter a description for this static routing entry.
- 5. Click SAVE.
- 6. Check the **Routing Table** below. If you can find the entry you've set, the static routing is set successfully.

### 4.3. Wireless

### 4.3.1. Wireless Settings

- 1. Visit <u>http://mwlogin.net</u>, and log in with the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to Advanced > Wireless > Wireless Settings.
- 3. Configure the wireless settings for the wireless network and click SAVE.

Wireless Settings			
Personalize wireless settings as you nee	d.		
2.4GHz:	Enable Sharing Network		
Network Name (SSID):	Mercusys_8B07		Hide SSID
Security:	None	$\sim$	
Transmit Power:	High	~	
Channel Width:	Auto	~	
Channel:	Auto	~	
Mode:	802.11b/g/n mixed	~	

- 2.4GHz Select this checkbox to enable the 2.4GHz wireless network.
- Network Name (SSID) Enter a value of up to 32 characters. The same Name (SSID) must be assigned to all wireless devices in your network.
- **Hide SSID** Select this checkbox if you want to hide the 2.4GHz network name (SSID) from the Wi-Fi network list. In this case, you need to manually join the network.
- Security Select an option from the Security drop-down list.
  - **None** No security. It is highly recommend you enable the wireless security to protect your wireless network from unauthorized access.
  - **WPA-PSK/WPA2-Personal** It's the WPA/WPA2 authentication type based on preshared passphrase. It's also the recommended security type.
  - WPA /WPA2-Enterprise It's based on Radius Server.
  - WEP It is based on the IEEE 802.11 standard.
- Version Keep default version value.
- Encryption Select Auto, TKIP or AES. We recommend you keep the default settings.
- **Transmit Power** Select **High**, **Middle** or **Low** to specify the data transmit power. The default and recommended setting is **High**.
- Channel Width Select a channel width (bandwidth) for the wireless network.
- **Channel** Select an operating channel for the wireless network. It is recommended to leave the channel to **Auto**, if you are not experiencing the intermittent wireless connection issue.
- Mode You can choose the appropriate "Mixed" mode.

#### 4.3.2. Guest Network

Guest Network allows you to provide Wi-Fi access for guests without disclosing your host network. When you have guests in your house, apartment, or workplace, you can create a

guest network for them. In addition, you can customize guest network settings to ensure network security and privacy.

- Create a Guest Network
- 1. Visit <u>http://mwlogin.net</u>, and log in with the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to Wireless or Advanced > Wireless > Guest Network.
- 3. Enable the **Guest Network** function.

Guest Network		
reate a separate network for your guest	is to ensure network security and privac	у.
2.4GHz:	Enable Sharing Network	
Network Name (SSID):	MEGuest_8B07	Hide SSID
Security:	WPA/WPA2-Personal	
Password:		

- 4. Create a network name for your guest network.
- 5. Select the **Security** type and create the **Password** of the guest network.
- 6. Click **SAVE**. Now you guests can access your guest network using the SSID and password you set!
- Customize Guest Network Options
- 1. Visit <u>http://mwlogin.net</u>, and log in with the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to Advanced > Wireless > Guest Network. Locate the Guest Permissions section.
- 3. Customize guest network options according to your needs.

Guest Permissions	
Control the data that gue	sts can access.
	Allow guests to see each other
	Allow guests to access your local network

#### Allow guests to see each other

Tick this checkbox if you want to allow the wireless clients on your guest network to communicate with each other via methods such as network neighbors and Ping.

#### Allow guests to access my local network

Tick this checkbox if you want to allow the wireless clients on your guest network to communicate with the devices connected to your router's LAN ports or main network via methods such as network neighbors and Ping.

4. Click **SAVE**. Now you can ensure network security and privacy!

### 4.3.3. Wireless Schedule

The wireless function can be automatically off at a specific time when you do not need the wireless function.

- 1. Visit <u>http://mwlogin.net</u>, and log in with the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to Advanced > Wireless > Wireless Schedule.
- 3. Enable the Wireless Schedule function.

Wireless Schedule		
Schedule when to automatically turn o	off your wireless network.	
Wireless Schedul		
		0
Note: Before enabling Wireless Off Til to check Get automatically from the	ime Schedule, please go to Advanced-> Internet is selected.	System 100IS->System Time
Current Time:		
ourrent rime.		
		🕀 Ado
Wireless Off Time	Repeat	Add Modify
		Modify
Wireless Off Time 12:00-11:00 (next day)	Repeat Every Day	• · · · ·
12:00-11:00 (next day)	Every Day	Modify ご 前
		Modify
12:00-11:00 (next day)	Every Day	Modify

4. Click **Add** to specify a wireless off period during which you need the wireless off automatically, and click **SAVE**.

Add Schedule								×
Wireless Off Time: From	01					xt day)		
Repeat:	S	M	<b>(</b> T <b>)</b>	W	(	F	S	
				CANCE	L	s	AVE	

Note:

- The effective wireless schedule is based on the time of the router. You can go to Advanced > System > Time to modify the time.
- The wireless network will be automatically turned on after the time period you set.

## 4.3.4. WPS

WPS (Wi-Fi Protected Setup) can help you to quickly and securely connect to a network.

This section will guide you to add a new wireless device to your router's network quickly via WPS.

#### Note:

The WPS function cannot be configured if the wireless function of the router is disabled. Please make sure the wireless function is enabled before configuration.

- 1. Visit <u>http://mwlogin.net</u>, and log in with the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to **Advanced > Wireless > WPS**.
- 3. Follow one of the following two methods to connect your client device to the router's Wi-Fi network.

## Method ONE: Using a PIN

## • Connects via the Client's PIN

1. Keep the WPS Status as **Enabled** and select **Client's PIN**.

WPS	
Use WPS (Wi-Fi Protected Setup) to c easily.	onnect a client (personal device) to the router's wireless network
WPS	S: 🚺
Method 1	I: Using a PIN
	Client's PIN
	O Router's PIN
	Enter your personal device's PIN here and click CONNECT
	CONNECT

2. Enter the PIN of your device and click **CONNECT**. Then your device will get connected to the router.

## • Connects via the Router's PIN

1. Keep the WPS Status as **Enabled** and select **Router's PIN**.

se WPS (WI-FI Protected Setup) to co isily.	nnect a client (personal device) to the router's wireless network
WPS:	
Method 1:	Using a PIN
	Client's PIN
	Router's PIN
Router's PIN:	
	Enter the router's PIN on your personal device. Router's PIN: 39070340
	GET NEW PIN

2. Enter the router's PIN on your personal device. You can also generate a new one.

#### Note:

PIN (Personal Identification Number) is an eight-character identification number preset to each router. WPS supported devices can connect to your router with the PIN.

## Method TWO: Push the WPS Button

Click **Start** on the screen. Within two minutes, press the WPS button on your device. A **Device-(XX-XX-XX-XX-XX)** Connected message should appear on the screen and the teD should change from blinking to solid on, indicating successful WPS connection. **Note:** 

XX-XX-XX-XX-XX is the MAC address of your device.



## 4. 3. 5. Additional Settings

1. Visit <u>http://mwlogin.net</u>, and log in with the password you set for the router.

#### 2. Go to Advanced > Wireless > Additional Settings.

3. Configure the advanced settings of your wireless network and click Save.

#### Note:

If you are not familiar with the setting items on this page, it's strongly recommended to keep the provided default values; otherwise it may result in lower wireless network performance.

check advanced wireless settings for you	ur device.
WMM:	Enable
Short GI:	Z Enable
AP Isolation:	Enable
Beacon Interval:	100
RTS Threshold:	2346
DTIM Interval:	1
Group Key Update Period:	0 s

- **Enable WMM** WMM function can guarantee the packets with high-priority messages being transmitted preferentially.
- Enable Short GI It is recommended to enable this function, for it will increase the data capacity by reducing the guard interval time.
- **AP Isolation** This function isolates all connected wireless stations so that wireless stations cannot access each other through WLAN.
- **Beacon Interval** Enter a value between 40-1000 milliseconds for Beacon Interval here. Beacon Interval value determines the time interval of the beacons. The beacons are the packets sent by the router to synchronize a wireless network. The default value is 100.
- **RTS Threshold** Here you can specify the RTS (Request to Send) Threshold. If the packet is larger than the specified RTS Threshold size, the router will send RTS frames to a particular receiving station and negotiate the sending of a data frame. The default value is 2346.
- **DTIM Interval** This value determines the interval of the Delivery Traffic Indication Message (DTIM). A DTIM field is a countdown field informing clients of the next window for listening to broadcast and multicast messages. When the router has buffered broadcast or multicast messages for associated clients, it sends the next DTIM with a DTIM Interval value. You can specify the value between 1-255 Beacon Intervals. The default value is 1, which indicates the DTIM Interval is the same as Beacon Interval.
- **Group Key Update Period** Enter a number of seconds (minimum 30) to control the time interval for the encryption key automatic renewal. The default value is 0, meaning no key renewal.

# 4.4. NAT Forwarding

The router's NAT (Network Address Translation) feature makes the devices on the LAN use the same public IP address to communicate on the internet, which protects the local network by hiding IP addresses of the devices. However, it also brings about the problem that external hosts cannot initiatively communicate with the specified devices in the local network.

With the forwarding feature, the router can traverse the isolation of NAT so that clients on the internet can reach devices on the LAN and realize some specific functions.

The Mercusys router includes four forwarding rules. If two or more rules are set, the priority of implementation from high to low is Port Forwarding, Port Triggering, UPNP and DMZ.

## 4.4.1. Port Forwarding

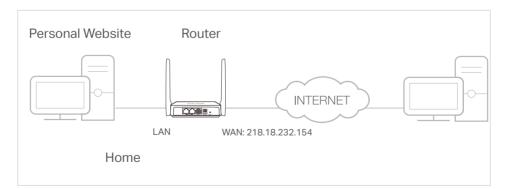
When you build up a server in the local network and want to share it on the internet, Port Forwarding can realize the service and provide it to internet users. At the same time Port Forwarding can keep the local network safe as other services are still invisible from the internet.

Port Forwarding can be used to set up public services in your local network, such as HTTP, FTP, DNS, POP3/SMTP and Telnet. Different service uses different service port. Port 80 is used in HTTP service, port 21 in FTP service, port 25 in SMTP service and port 110 in POP3 service. Please verify the service port number before the configuration.

## I want to:

Share my personal website I've built in local network with my friends through the internet.

For example, the personal website has been built in my home PC (192.168.1.100). I hope that my friends on the internet can visit my website in some way. My PC is connected to the router with the WAN IP address 218.18.232.154.



- 1. Set your PC to a static IP address, for example 192.168.1.100.
- 2. Visit <u>http://mwlogin.net</u>, and log in with the password you set for the router.
- 3. Go to Advanced > NAT Forwarding > Port Forwarding.

#### 4. Click Add.

Add a Port Forwarding Entry		×
Service Name:		
	VIEW COMMON SERVICES	
Device IP Address:		
	VIEW CONNECTED DEVICES	
External Port:		
Internal Port:		
Protocol:	All	
	Enable This Entry	
	CANCEL	SAVE

- 5. Click VIEW COMMON SERVICES and select HTTP. The External Port, Internal Port and Protocol will be automatically filled in.
- Click VIEW CONNECTED DEVICES and select your home PC. The Device IP Address will be automatically filled in. Or enter the PC's IP address 192.168.1.100 manually in the Device IP Address field.

#### 7. Click SAVE.

Note:

- It is recommended to keep the default settings of **Internal Port** and **Protocol** if you are not clear about which port and protocol to use.
- If the service you want to use is not in the **Common Services** list, you can enter the corresponding parameters manually. You should verify the port number that the service needs.
- You can add multiple virtual server rules if you want to provide several services in a router. Please note that the **External Port** should not be overlapped.

## Done!

Users on the internet can enter http:// WAN IP (in this example: http:// 218.18.232.154) to

visit your personal website.

Note:

- If you have changed the default External Port, you should use http:// WAN IP: External Port to visit the website.
- The WAN IP should be a public IP address. For the WAN IP is assigned dynamically by the ISP, it is
  recommended to apply and register a domain name for the WAN referring to <u>Dynamic DNS</u>. Then users on
  the internet can use http:// domain name to visit the website.

## 4.4.2. Port Triggering

Port triggering can specify a triggering port and its corresponding external ports. When a host in the local network initiates a connection to the triggering port, all the external ports will be opened for subsequent connections. The router can record the IP address of the host. When the data from the internet return to the external ports, the router can forward them to the corresponding host. Port triggering is mainly applied to online games, VoIPs, video players and common applications including MSN Gaming Zone, Dialpad, Quick Time 4 players and more.

Follow the steps below to configure the port triggering rules:

- 1. Visit <u>http://mwlogin.net</u>, and log in with the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to Advanced > NAT Forwarding > Port Triggering.
- 3. Click Add.
- 4. Click **VIEW COMMON SERVICES**, and select the desired application. The Triggering Port, Triggering Protocol and External Port will be automatically filled in. The following picture takes application MSN Gaming Zone as an example.

Add a Port Triggering Entry		×
Service Name:	MSN Gaming Zone	
	VIEW COMMON SERVICES	
Triggering Port:	47624	
Triggering Protocol:	All	
External Port:	2300-2400,28800-29000	
	(XX or XX-XX,1-65535,at most 5 pairs)	
External Protocol:	All	
	Enable This Entry	
	CANCEL SAVE	

#### 5. Click SAVE.

#### Note:

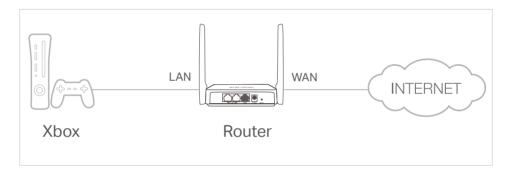
- You can add multiple port triggering rules as needed.
- The triggering ports can not be overlapped.
- If the application you need is not listed in the Common Services list, please enter the parameters manually. You should verify the external ports the application uses first and enter them in External Ports field. You can input at most 5 groups of ports (or port sections). Every group of ports must be set apart with ",". For example, 2000-2038, 2050-2051, 2085, 3010-3030.

## 4.4.3. UPnP

The UPnP (Universal Plug and Play) protocol allows the applications or host devices to automatically find the front-end NAT device and send request to it to open the corresponding ports. With UPnP enabled, the applications or host devices on the local network and the internet can freely communicate with each other realizing the seamless connection of the network. You may need to enable the UPnP if you want to use applications for multiplayer gaming, peer-to-peer connections, real-time communication (such as VoIP or telephone conference) or remote assistance, etc.

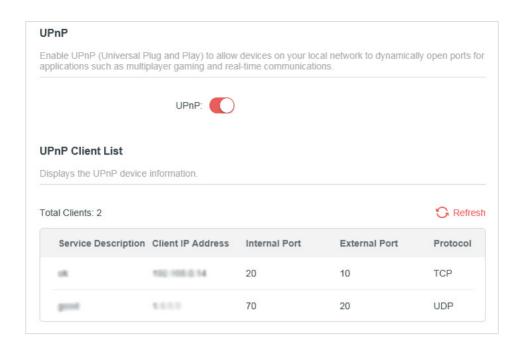
- UPnP is enabled by default in this router.
- Only the application supporting UPnP protocol can use this feature.
- UPnP feature needs the support of operating system (e.g. Windows Vista/ Windows 7/ Windows 8, etc. Some of operating system need to install the UPnP components).

For example, when you connect your Xbox to the router which is connected to the internet to play online games, UPnP will send request to the router to open the corresponding ports allowing the following data penetrating the NAT to transmit. Therefore, you can play Xbox online games without a hitch.



If necessary, you can follow the steps to change the status of UPnP.

- 1. Visit <u>http://mwlogin.net</u>, and log in with the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to **Advanced > NAT Forwarding > UPnP** and toggle on or off according to your needs.



## 4.4.4. DMZ

When a PC is set to be a DMZ (Demilitarized Zone) host in the local network, it is totally exposed to the internet, which can realize the unlimited bidirectional communication between internal hosts and external hosts. The DMZ host becomes a virtual server with all ports opened. When you are not clear about which ports to open in some special applications, such as IP camera and database software, you can set the PC to be a DMZ host.

#### Note:

DMZ is more applicable in the situation that users are not clear about which ports to open. When it is enabled, the DMZ host is totally exposed to the internet, which may bring some potential safety hazards. If DMZ is not in use, please disable it in time.

#### I want to:

Make the home PC join the internet online game without port restriction.

For example, due to some port restriction, when playing the online games, you can log in normally but cannot join a team with other players. To solve this problem, set your PC as a DMZ host with all ports opened.

#### How can I do that?

- 1. Assign a static IP address to your PC, for example 192.168.1.100.
- 2. Visit <u>http://mwlogin.net</u>, and log in with the password you set for the router.
- 3. Go to Advanced > NAT Forwarding > DMZ and select Enable DMZ.
- 4. Click **VIEW CONNECTED DEVICES** and select your PC. The DMZ Host IP Address will be automatically filled in. Or enter the PC's IP address 192.168.1.100 manually in the DMZ Host IP Address field.

DMZ	
Expose a specific device in your local ne real-time communications.	twork to the internet for applications such as online gaming and
DMZ:	O Disabled
	Enable DMZ
DMZ Host IP Address:	0.0.0.0
	VIEW CONNECTED DEVICES

#### 5. Click SAVE.

#### Done!

You've set your PC to a DMZ host and now you can make a team to game with other players.

# 4.5. Parental Controls

Parental Controls allows you to set up unique restrictions on internet access for each member of your family. You can block inappropriate content, set daily limits for the total time spent online and restrict internet access to certain times of the day.

#### I want to:

Block access to inappropriate online content for my child's devices, restrict internet access to 2 hours every day and block internet access during bed time (10 PM to 7 AM) on weekdays.

### How can I do that?

- 1. Visit <u>http://mwlogin.net</u>, and log in with the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to Advanced > Parental Controls.
- 3. Click Add to create a profile for a family member.

Parental Controls				
Filter content and limit tim	ne spent online for your	family members.		
				🕀 Add
Profile Name	Time Limits	Devices	Internet Access	Modify
1111122	30 mins	1	(1)	00

4. Add basic profile information.

Create Profile		×
	Basic Information	
	Name:	
	$\left  + \right\rangle$	

- 1) Enter a Name for the profile to make it easier to identify.
- 2) Under Devices, click +.
- 3) Select the devices that belong to this family member. Access restrictions will be applied to these devices. Click **ADD** when finished.

**Note:** Only devices that have previously been connected to your router's network are listed here. If you are unable to find the device you want to add, connect it to your network and then try again.

- 4) Click NEXT.
- 5. Block content for this profile.

Create Profile		×
	Blocked Content	
Blocked Co Block all we	tent osites that contain a specific keyword.	
Input keyv	ord	

- 1) Enter the key word of the website that you want to block. Click 😌 if want to block multiple websites.
- 2) Click **NEXT**.
- 6. Set time restrictions on internet access.

Create Profile	
<b>o</b>	Time Controls
Time Limits	
Set daily time limits for the	total time spent online.
Mon to Fri:	
Daily Time Limit:	2 hours 🗸
Sat & Sun:	
Daily Time Limit:	2 hours 🗸
Bed Time	
Block this person's internet	access between certain times.
School Nights: (Sun to Thur)	
Good Night:	22 🔹 : 00 🔹
Good Morning:	07 🗸 : 00 🗸
Weekend: (Fri & Sat)	$\bigcirc$

- 1) Enable **Time Limits** on Monday to Friday and Saturday & Sunday then set the allowed online time to 2 hours each day.
- 2) Enable **Bed Time** on School Nights (Sun to Thur) and use the up/down arrows or enter times in the fields. Devices under this profile will be unable to access the internet during this time period.
- 3) Click SAVE.

Note: The effective time limits are based on the time of the router. You can go to Advanced > System > Time to modify the time.

### Done!

The amount of time your child spends online is controlled and inappropriate content is blocked on their devices.

# 4.6. QoS

QoS (Quality of Service) is designed to ensure the efficient operation of the network when come across network overload or congestion. Devices set as high priority will be allocated more bandwidth and so continue to run smoothly even when there are many devices connected to the network.

## I want to:

Ensure a fast connection of my computer while I play online games for the next 2 hours.

## How can I do that

- 1. Visit <u>http://mwlogin.net</u>, and log in with the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to **Advanced > QoS**.
- 3. Tick the **Enable** checkbox of QoS.
- 4. Enter the maximum upload and download bandwidths provided by your internet service provider, and then click **SAVE**. 1Mbps equals to 1,000Kbps.
- 5. Find your computer in the **Device Priority** section and toggle on **Priority**. Select 4 hours from the drop-down list of **Timing**. Your computer will be prioritized for the next 4 hours.

	internet traffic of specific de efore using QoS.	evices to guarante	e a faster conr	iection. You n	eed to set the tota
	QoS:	Enable			
	Upload Bandwidth:	100	Kbps	~	
	Download Bandwidth:	100	Kbps	~	
Device F	Priority				
Туре	Information	Real-time Rate	Traffic Usage	Priority	Timing
P	100-0094	1.0 KB/s			4 hours 🗸
Ē	(LNN) 08-57-00-00-20-12	J 0 B/s	3 MB		2 h 0 min Remaining

## Done!

You can now enjoy playing games without lag on your computer for the next 4 hours.

# 4.7. Security

This function allows you to protect your home network from cyber attacks and unauthorized users by implementing these network security functions.

## 4.7.1. Firewall

The SPI (Stateful Packet Inspection) Firewall protects the router from cyber attacks and validate the traffic that is passing through the router based on the protocol. This function is enabled by default.

- 1. Visit <u>http://mwlogin.net</u>, and log in with the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to **Advanced** > **Security** > **Firewall**, and configure the parameters as you need. It's recommended to keep the default settings.

Firewall	
Check the settings of the firewall that p	rotects your network. It is recommended to keep them as default.
SPI Firewall	r. 🌔
Respond to Pings from LAN	
Respond to Pings from WAN	r 🕜

## 4.7.2. Access Control

Access Control is used to block or allow specific client devices to access your network (via wired or wireless) based on a list of blocked devices (Blacklist) or a list of allowed devices (Whitelist).

## I want to:

Block or allow specific client devices to access my network (via wired or wireless).

## How can I do that?

- 1. Visit <u>http://mwlogin.net</u>, and log in with the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to Advanced > Security > Access Control.
- 3. Select the access mode to either block (recommended) or allow the device(s) in the list.

#### To block specific device(s):

1) Select Blacklist and click SAVE.

Access Control	
Control the access to your network from	the specified devices.
Access Control:	
Access Mode:	Blacklist
	Configure a blacklist to only block access to your network from the specified devices.
	O Whitelist
	🕀 Add

2) Click **Add** and select devices you want to be blocked. You can see the devices have been added to the blacklist.

			🕂 Ad
Device Type	Device Name	MAC Address	Modify
<b>—</b>	105175 and	00-11-22-33-44-55	莭
<b>—</b>	-10105 and	70-47-E9-E7-22-44	₫

### To allow specific device(s):

1) Select Whitelist and click SAVE.

Access Control			
Control the access to you	r network from th	e s	specified devices.
Ac	cess Control:		C
	Access Mode: (	С	Blacklist
	(	۲	Whitelist
			Configure a whitelist to only allow access to your network from the specified devices.

- 2) Add devices to the whitelist.
- Add connected devices

Click Select From Device List and select the devices you want to be allowed.

Add Devices	×
<ul> <li>Select From Device List</li> <li>Add Manually</li> </ul>	
192.168.1.111 08-57-00-00-20-12	192.168.1.102 10-FE-ED-01-4A-B4
192.168.1.166 70-47-E9-A7-22-44	
	CANCEL ADD

Add unconnected devices

Click **Add Manually** and enter the **Device Name** and **MAC Address** of the device you want to be allowed.

Add Devices		×
<ul> <li>Select From Device List</li> <li>Add Manually</li> </ul>		
Device Name:		
MAC Address:		
	0.01051	
	CANCEL	ADD

## Done!

Now you can block or allow specific client devices to access your network (via wired or wireless) using the **Blacklist** or **Whitelist**.

## 4.7.3. IP & MAC Binding

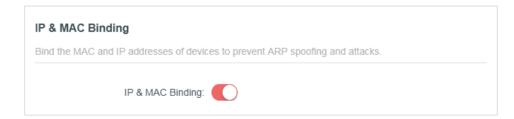
IP & MAC Binding, namely, ARP (Address Resolution Protocol) Binding, is used to bind network device's IP address to its MAC address. This will prevent ARP Spoofing and other ARP attacks by denying network access to a device with matching IP address in the Binding list, but unrecognized MAC address.

## I want to:

Prevent ARP spoofing and ARP attacks.

## How can I do that?

- 1. Visit <u>http://mwlogin.net</u>, and log in with the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to Advanced > Security > IP & MAC Binding.
- 3. Enable IP & MAC Binding and click SAVE.



4. Bind your device(s) according to your need.

### To bind the connected device(s):

Locate the **ARP List** section and enable Bind to bind the IP and MAC addresses of a specific device.

nd or unbind the MAC	C and IP addresses of curr	ently connected devices		
				😯 Refresi
Device Name	MAC Address	IP Address	Bind	Modify
Unknown	08-57-00-00-20-12	192.168.1.111	$\bigcirc$	団
Unknown2	08-57-00-00-20-13	192.168.1.114		副

#### To add a binding entry:

- 1) Click Add in the Binding List section.
- 2) Click **VIEW CONNECTED DEVICES** and select the device you want to bind. Or enter the **MAC Address** and **IP Address** that you want to bind.
- 3) Click ADD.

Add Binding Entry		×
MAC Address:		
	VIEW CONNECTED DEVICES	
IP Address:		
	CANCEL	ADD

## 4.8. IPv6

This function allows you to enable IPv6 function and set up the parameters of the router's Wide Area Network (WAN) and Local Area Network (LAN).

#### 4.8.1. IPv6 Status

- 1. Visit <u>http://mwlogin.net</u>, and log in with the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to **Advanced** > **IPv6**, and you can view the current IPv6 status information of the router.
- 3. Enable IPv6 and select the mode: Router or Pass-Through (Bridge).
- If you select Router:

IPv6		
Set up an IPv6 connec	tion if your ISP provides IPv6 servic	ce.

Fill in WAN and LAN information as required by different connection types.

- Normal: The default connection type.
- 1) Configure the WAN settings.

WAN		
Configure the WAN connection based on your network typology.		
WAN Connection Type:	Normal	
Get IPv6 Address:	Auto	
	Manually set DNS server	
Link-Local Address:		
Global Address:		
Gateway:		
Primary DNS:		
Secondary DNS:		

2) Configure the LAN settings. Fill in Address Prefix provided by your ISP.

configure the LAN IPv6 address of the ro	outer.	
	Enable Prefix Delegation	
Address Prefix:		
Prefix Length:	0	
Link-Local Address:		
Prefix:		
	Connect	
	Disconnect	

- 3) Click SAVE.
- **PPPoE**: Select this type if your ISP uses PPPoEv6, and provides a username and password.
- 1) Configure the WAN settings.

WAN	
Configure the WAN connection based on	n your network typology.
WAN Connection Type:	PPPoE 🗸
Get IPv6 Address:	Auto 🗸
	Use the same PPPoE session as IPv4 💡
Username:	
Password:	
	Manually set DNS server
Link-Local Address:	
Global Address:	
Gateway:	
Primary DNS:	
Secondary DNS:	

2) Configure the LAN settings. Fill in Address Prefix provided by your ISP.

LAN Configure the LAN IPv6 address of the r	outer.	
	Enable Prefix Delegation	
Address Prefix:		
Prefix Length:	0	
Link-Local Address:		
Prefix:		
	Connect	
	Disconnect	

- **Tunnel 6to4**: Select this type if your ISP uses 6 to 4 deployment fort assigning address.
- 1) Configure the WAN settings.

WAN		
Configure the WAN connection based on your network typology.		
WAN Connection Type:	Tunnel 6to4	
	Manually set DNS server	
Link-Local Address:		
Global Address:		
Gateway:		
Primary DNS:		
Secondary DNS:		

2) Configure the LAN settings.

onfigure the LAN IPv6 address of the router.	
Link-Local Address:	
Prefix:	
	Connect

• If you select Pass-Through (Bridge):

Click **SAVE**. No configuration is required.

IPv6		
Set up an IPv6 connection if your ISP pro	vides IPv6 service.	
Mode:	Pass-Through (Bridge)	~
	Select this type if your ISP us	ses Pass-Through (Bridge) network

# 4.9. System

## 4.9.1. Firmware Upgrade

Mercusys is dedicated to improving and richening the product features, giving users a better network experience. We will release the latest firmware at Mercusys official website **www.mercusys.com**. You can download the latest firmware file from the Support page of our website and upgrade the firmware to the latest version.

- 1. Download the latest firmware file for the router from our website www.mercusys.com.
- 2. Visit <u>http://mwlogin.net</u>, and log in with the password you set for the router.
- 3. Go to Advanced > System > Firmware Upgrade.
- 4. Click **BROWSE** to locate the downloaded firmware file, and click **UPGRADE**.

.ocal Upgrade		
Jpgrade firmware from a local file.		
Firmware Version:	1.0 - Date 100710 Rel 00000	
Hardware Version:	MILLION 1.0 0000000	
New Firmware File:		
	BROWSE	J
	UPGRADE	

## 4.9.2. Backup & Restore

The configuration settings are stored as a configuration file in the router. You can backup the configuration file in your computer for future use and restore the router to the previous settings from the backup file when needed.

- 1. Visit <u>http://mwlogin.net</u>, and log in with the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to Advanced > System > Backup & Restore.

#### To backup configuration settings:

Click **BACK UP** to save a copy of the current settings in your local computer. A ".bin" file of the current settings will be stored in your computer.

Backup			
Save current router settings	o a file.		
		BACK UP	

#### To restore configuration settings:

- 1. Click **BROWSE** to locate the backup configuration file stored in your computer, and click **RESTORE**.
- 2. Wait a few minutes for the restoring and rebooting.

Restore		
Restore settings from a backup file.		
File	:	
	BROWSE	
	RESTORE	

#### To reset the router to factory default settings:

1. Click FACTORY RESTORE to reset the router.

Factory Default Restore		
Restore all settings to default values.		
	FACTORY RESTORE	

2. Wait a few minutes for the restoring and rebooting.

#### Note:

- During the resetting process, do not turn off or reset the router.
- We strongly recommend you back up the current configuration settings before resetting the router.

## 4.9.3. Change Password

- 1. Visit <u>http://mwlogin.net</u>, and log in with the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to Advanced > System > Administration, and focus on the Change Password section.

Change Password	
Change the router's local management password.	
Old Password:	ø
New Password:	ø
Confirm New Password:	ø

- 3. Enter the old password, then a new password twice (both case-sensitive). Click SAVE.
- 4. Use the new password for future logins.

#### 4.9.4. Local Management

- 1. Visit <u>http://mwlogin.net</u>, and log in with the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to **Advanced** > **System** > **Administration**, and focus on the Local Management section.

• Allow all LAN connected devices to manage the router:

Select **All Devices** for Local Managers.

Local Manage	ment			
Access and mana	age the router from loca	al network devices.		
	Local Managers:	All Devices	$\sim$	

- Allow specific devices to manage the router:
- 1. Select **Specified Devices** for Local Managers and click **SAVE**.

Local Manageme	ent e the router from loca	I network devices.		
	Local Managers:	Specified Devices	~	Add Device
Description		MAC Address		Operation
your pc		08-57-00-00-20-13		団

2. Click Add Device.

Add Device						;	×
	Description:						
		VIEW CON	NECTE	D DEVI	CES		
	MAC Address:		-	-	-		
				CANC	EL	SAVE	

- 3. Click **VIEW CONNECTED DEVICES** and select the device to manage the router from the Connected Devices list, or enter the **MAC address** of the device manually.
- 4. Specify a **Description** for this entry.
- 5. Click **SAVE**.

#### 4.9.5. Remote Management

1. Visit <u>http://mwlogin.net</u>, and log in with the password you set for the router.

- 2. Go to **Advanced** > **System** > **Administration**, and focus on the Remote Management section.
- Forbid all devices to manage the router remotely:

Do not tick the **Enable** checkbox of **Remote Management**.



• Allow all devices to manage the router remotely:

Remote Management		
Access and manage the router over the i	internet.	
Note: Remote Management is not support want to use Remote Management, pleas		
Remote Management:	Enable	
HTTP Port:	8888	
Web Address for Management:	2.2.2.2	
Remote Managers:	All Devices 🗸	

- 1. Tick the Enable checkbox of Remote Management.
- 2. Keep the HTTP port as default setting (recommended) or enter a value between 1024 and 65535.
- 3. Select All Devices for Remote Managers.
- 4. Click **SAVE**.

Devices on the internet can log in to <u>http://Router's WAN IP address:port number</u> (such as <u>http://113.116.60.229:1024</u>) to manage the router.

Tips:

- You can find the WAN IP address of the router on Network Map > Internet.
- The router's WAN IP is usually a dynamic IP. Please refer to **Dynamic DNS** if you want to log in to the router through a domain name.
- Allow a specific device to manage the router remotely:

Remote Management		
Access and manage the router over the in	nternet.	
Note: Remote Management is not suppo want to use Remote Management, please		
Remote Management:	C Enable	
HTTP Port:	8888	
Web Address for Management:	2.2.2.2	
Remote Managers:	Specified Device V	
Only this IP Address:	0.0.0.0	

- 1. Tick the Enable checkbox of Remote Management.
- 2. Keep the HTTP port as default setting (recommended) or enter a value between 1024 and 65535.
- 3. Select Specified Device for Remote Managers.
- 4. In the Only this IP Address field, enter the IP address of the remote device to manage the router.
- 5. Click SAVE.

Devices using this WAN IP can manage the router by logging in to <u>http://Router's WAN</u> IP:port number (such as <u>http://113.116.60.229:1024</u>).

Tips: The router's WAN IP is usually a dynamic IP. Please refer to **Dynamic DNS** if you want to log in to the router through a domain name.

### 4.9.6. System Log

- 1. Visit <u>http://mwlogin.net</u>, and log in with the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to Advanced > System > System Log, and you can view the logs of the router.

View a detailed record of system activitie	
Current Time:	2018-07-20 01:00:10
Q	😪 Refresh 🛛 🗳 Clear All
1 EXCEPTION hello 2 EXCEPTION 1days, 02:03:04, 6	
2 EXCEL HOR Hays, 52.00.04, 0	
Save Log	
Save system log locally.	

3. Click **SAVE TO LOCAL** to save the system logs to a local disk.

### 4.9.7. Diagnostics

Diagnostic is used to test the connectivity between the router and the host or other network devices.

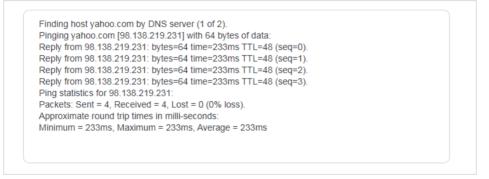
- 1. Visit <u>http://mwlogin.net</u>, and log in with the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to Advanced > System > Diagnostics.

Diagnostic Tools: Ping  IP Address/Domain Name:		roubleshoot network connectivity proble	ems.		
	IP Address/Domain Name: Ping Packet Number:				
IP Address/Domain Name:	Ping Packet Number: 4	Diagnostic Tools:	Ping	~	
		IP Address/Domain Name:			
Ping Packet Number: 4	Ping Packet Size: 64 Bytes	Ping Packet Number:	4		
Ping Packet Size: 64 Bytes		Ping Packet Size:	64	Bytes	
			S	TART	

- 3. Enter the information:
  - 1) Choose Ping or Tracert as the diagnostic tool to test the connectivity.
  - **Ping** is used to test the connectivity between the router and the tested host, and measure the round-trip time.

- **Tracert** is used to display the route (path) your router has passed to reach the tested host, and measure transit delays of packets across an Internet Protocol network.
- 2) Enter the IP Address or Domain Name of the tested host.
- 3) Modify the **Ping Count** number and the **Ping Packet Size**. It's recommended to keep the default value.
- 4) If you have chosen **Tracert**, you can modify the **Traceroute Max TTL**. It's recommended to keep the default value.
- 4. Click **START** to begin the diagnostics.

The figure below indicates the proper connection between the router and the Yahoo server (www.Yahoo.com) tested through **Ping**.



The figure below indicates the proper connection between the router and the Yahoo server (www.Yahoo.com) tested through **Tracert**.



### 4.9.8. Time

This function allows you to set the time manually or to configure automatic time synchronization. The router can automatically update the time from an NTP server via the internet.

- 1. Visit <u>http://mwlogin.net</u>, and log in with the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to Advanced > System > Time.
- To set System Time:

ystem Time		
et the router's system time.		
Current Time:	2010-07-00-01-00-10	
24-Hour Time:		
Set Time:	Get from Internet	
Time Zone:	(GMT+00:00) Greenwich Mean Time:	Dublin, Edinb
NTP Server I:	time.nist.gov	
NTP Server II:	time-nw.nist.gov	(Optional)

- 1. Select the way in which the router gets its time: **Get from Internet**, **Get from Managing Device**, **Manually**.
- 2. Select your local Time Zone.
- 3. Enter the address or domain of the NTP Server 1 or NTP Server 2.
- 4. Click SAVE.
- To set up Daylight Saving Time:
- 1. Tick the Enable box of Daylight Saving Time.

Automatically synchronize the system tin	ie with day	light savii	ng time.	
Daylight Saving Time:	Enable	le		
Start: 2019	Mar	~	2nd	~
	Sun	~	02:00	~
End: 2019	Nov	~	First	~
	Sun	~	02:00	~

- 2. Select the start time from the drop-down list in the Start fields.
- 3. Select the end time from the drop-down list in the **End** fields.

#### 4. Click **SAVE**.

#### Note:

This setting will be used for some time-based functions such as firewall. You must specify your time zone once you log in to the router successfully; otherwise, time-based functions will not take effect.

## 4.9.9. Reboot

Some settings of the router will take effect only after rebooting, and the system will reboot automatically. You can also reboot the router to clear cache and enhance running performance.

- 1. Visit <u>http://mwlogin.net</u>, and log in with the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to **Advanced > System > Reboot**, and you can restart your router.
- To reboot the router manually:

Click **REBOOT**, and wait a few minutes for the router to reboot.

Reboot		
Reboot to clear cache and en	hance running performance.	
	REBOOT	

- To set the router to reboot regularly:
- 1. Tick the **Enable** box of **Reboot Schedule**.
- 2. Specify the **Reboot Time** when the router reboots and **Repeat** to decide how often it reboots.
- 3. Click SAVE.

Reboot Schedule			
Set when and how often the router reboo	ts automatically.		
Reboot Schedule:	Enable		
Note: Make sure Time Settings are corre	ect before using this function.		
Current Time:			
Reboot Time:	02 💉 : 00	~	
Repeat:	Every Day	~	

## 4.9.10. LED Control

The LED of the router indicates its activities and status. You can enable the **Night Mode** feature to specify a time period during which the LED is off.

- 1. Visit <u>http://mwlogin.net</u>, and log in with the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to Advanced > System > LED Control.
- 3. Enable Night Mode.

LED Control				
Turn the router's LEDs on or off.				
LED Status:				
Night Mode				
Set a time period when the LEDs will be a	off automati	cally.		
Night Mode:	Enable			
	at hafara uu	sing this function		
Note: Make sure Time Settings are corre	ct before us	ang ano faneaon.		
Note: Make sure Time Settings are corre Current Time:	ct before us	ang the function.		
	23	<ul> <li>: 00</li> </ul>	~	

4. Specify the LED off time, and the LED will be off during this period every day. Note: The effective LED off time is based on the time of the router. You can go to Advanced > System > Time to modify the time.

5. Click SAVE.

# Chapter 5. Configure the Router in Access Point Mode

This chapter presents how to configure the various features of the router working as an access point.

It contains the following sections:

- Operation Mode
- Firmware Upgrade
- Backup & Restore
- Administration
- System Log
- Diagnostics
- <u>Time</u>
- <u>Reboot</u>
- LED Control

# 5.1. Operation Mode

- 1. Visit <u>http://mwlogin.net</u>, and log in with the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to **System > Operation Mode**.
- 3. Select the working mode as needed and click **SAVE**.

<image/>	Operation Mode Select an operation mode according	) to your needs.	
<image/>	O Router Mode		
<image/>		ovide internet access for multiple wired an	d wireless devices. This mode
<image/>	(Upper la construction de la con		, ,
<b>Range Extender Mode</b> In this mode, the router boosts the existing wireless coverage in your home.	Access Point Mode(Current) In this mode, the router change	es an existing wired network into a wireles:	s one.
In this mode, the router boosts the existing wireless coverage in your home.	(D)		
	O Range Extender Mode		
	In this mode, the router boosts	the existing wireless coverage in your hor	ne.
🔿 WISP Mode	(L)		
	🔿 WISP Mode		
In this mode, the router connects to the ISP network wirelessly in areas without wired service.	In this mode, the router connec	ts to the ISP network wirelessly in areas v	without wired service.
	<b>P</b> <sup>-10</sup>		

# 5.2. Firmware Upgrade

Mercusys is dedicated to improving and richening the product features, giving users a better network experience. We will release the latest firmware at Mercusys official website **www.mercusys.com**. You can download the latest firmware file from the Support page of our website and upgrade the firmware to the latest version.

- 1. Download the latest firmware file for the router from our website www.mercusys.com.
- 2. Visit <u>http://mwlogin.net</u>, and log in with the password you set for the router.
- 3. Go to **System > Firmware Upgrade**.
- 4. Click **BROWSE** to locate the downloaded firmware file, and click **UPGRADE**.

Local Upgrade		
Upgrade firmware from a local file.		
Firmware Version:	1.0 - Duily 100710 (b) 00000h	
Hardware Version:	MILLION 1.0 0000000	
New Firmware File:		
	BROWSE	
	UPGRADE	

### 5. 2. 1. Backup & Restore

The configuration settings are stored as a configuration file in the router. You can backup the configuration file in your computer for future use and restore the router to the previous settings from the backup file when needed.

1. Visit <u>http://mwlogin.net</u>, and log in with the password you set for the router.

#### 2. Go to **System > Backup & Restore**.

#### To backup configuration settings:

Click **BACK UP** to save a copy of the current settings in your local computer. A ".bin" file of the current settings will be stored in your computer.

Backup		
Save current router settings to a file.		
	BACK UP	

#### To restore configuration settings:

- 1. Click **BROWSE** to locate the backup configuration file stored in your computer, and click **RESTORE**.
- 2. Wait a few minutes for the restoring and rebooting.

Restore		
Restore settings from a backup file.		
File:		
	BROWSE	
	RESTORE	

#### To reset the router to factory default settings:

1. Click FACTORY RESTORE to reset the router.



2. Wait a few minutes for the restoring and rebooting.

#### Note:

- During the resetting process, do not turn off or reset the router.
- We strongly recommend you back up the current configuration settings before resetting the router.

# 5.3. Administration

## 5. 3. 1. Change Password

1. Visit <u>http://mwlogin.net</u>, and log in with the password you set for the router.

2. Go to **System > Administration**, and focus on the Change Password section.

Change Password	
Change the router's local management password.	
Old Password:	Ø
New Password:	Ø
Confirm New Password:	ø

3. Enter the old password, then a new password twice (both case-sensitive). Click SAVE.

4. Use the new password for future logins.

### 5. 3. 2. Local Management

- 1. Visit <u>http://mwlogin.net</u>, and log in with the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to **System > Administration**, and focus on the Local Management section.

#### • Allow all LAN connected devices to manage the router:

Select All Devices for Local Managers.

Local Manag	jement		
Access and ma	nage the router from local	I network devices.	

- Allow specific devices to manage the router:
- 1. Select **Specified Devices** for Local Managers and click **SAVE**.

Local Managem	ent			
Access and manag	e the router from loca	I network devices.		
	Local Managers:	Specified Devices	~	
				Add Device
Description		MAC Address		Operation
your pc		08-57-00-00-20-13		一世

2. Click Add Device.

Add Device								×
	Description:							
		VIEW	CONN	NECTE	D DE	/ICES		
	MAC Address:	-	-	-	-	-		
					CAN	ICEL	S	AVE

- 3. Click **VIEW CONNECTED DEVICES** and select the device to manage the router from the Connected Devices list, or enter the **MAC address** of the device manually.
- 4. Specify a **Description** for this entry.
- 5. Click SAVE.

## 5.3.3. System Log

- 1. Visit <u>http://mwlogin.net</u>, and log in with the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to System > System Log, and you can view the logs of the router.

View a detailed record of system activ			
Current Tim	e: 2018-07-20 01:00:10		
Q		😯 Refresh	olear All
1 EXCEPTION hello 2 EXCEPTION 1days, 02:03:04, 6	6		
Save Log			
Save system log locally.			

3. Click **SAVE TO LOCAL** to save the system logs to a local disk.

# 5.4. Diagnostics

Diagnostic is used to test the connectivity between the router and the host or other network devices.

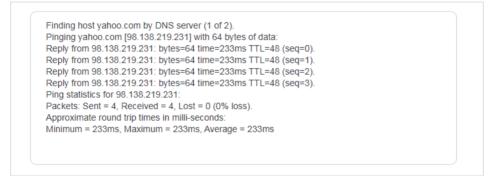
- 1. Visit <u>http://mwlogin.net</u>, and log in with the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to **System > Diagnostics**.

Diagnostics			
Troubleshoot network connectivity proble	ms.		
Diagnostic Tools:	Ping	~	
IP Address/Domain Name:			
Ping Packet Number:	4		
Ping Packet Size:	64	Bytes	
			, ,
	S	TART	

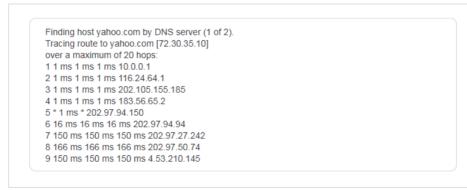
- 3. Enter the information:
  - 1) Choose Ping or Tracert as the diagnostic tool to test the connectivity.

- **Ping** is used to test the connectivity between the router and the tested host, and measure the round-trip time.
- **Tracert** is used to display the route (path) your router has passed to reach the tested host, and measure transit delays of packets across an Internet Protocol network.
- 2) Enter the IP Address or Domain Name of the tested host.
- 3) Modify the **Ping Count** number and the **Ping Packet Size**. It's recommended to keep the default value.
- 4) If you have chosen **Tracert**, you can modify the **Traceroute Max TTL**. It's recommended to keep the default value.
- 4. Click **START** to begin the diagnostics.

The figure below indicates the proper connection between the router and the Yahoo server (www.Yahoo.com) tested through **Ping**.



The figure below indicates the proper connection between the router and the Yahoo server (www.Yahoo.com) tested through **Tracert**.



# 5.4.1. Time

This function allows you to set the time manually or to configure automatic time synchronization. The router can automatically update the time from an NTP server via the internet.

1. Visit <u>http://mwlogin.net</u>, and log in with the password you set for the router.

#### 2. Go to **System > Time**.

• To set System Time:

system Time		
et the router's system time.		
Current Time:	2010-07-00-01-00-10	
24-Hour Time:		
Set Time:	Get from Internet	
Time Zone:	(GMT+00:00) Greenwich Mean Time:	Dublin, Edinb
NTP Server I:	time.nist.gov	
NTP Server II:	time-nw.nist.gov	(Optional)

- 1. Select the way in which the router gets its time: **Get from Internet**, **Get from Managing Device**, **Manually**.
- 2. Select your local Time Zone.
- 3. Enter the address or domain of the NTP Server 1 or NTP Server 2.
- 4. Click SAVE.
- To set up Daylight Saving Time:
- 1. Tick the **Enable** box of **Daylight Saving Time**.

Automatically synchronize the system tin	ne with day	light savii/	ng time.	
Daylight Saving Time:	Enab	le		
Start: 2019	Mar	~	2nd	~
	Sun	~	02:00	~
End: 2019	Nov	~	First	~
	Sun	~	02:00	~

- 2. Select the start time from the drop-down list in the **Start** fields.
- 3. Select the end time from the drop-down list in the **End** fields.
- 4. Click **SAVE**.

Note:

This setting will be used for some time-based functions such as firewall. You must specify your time zone once you log in to the router successfully; otherwise, time-based functions will not take effect.

# 5.5. Reboot

Some settings of the router will take effect only after rebooting, and the system will reboot automatically. You can also reboot the router to clear cache and enhance running performance.

- 1. Visit <u>http://mwlogin.net</u>, and log in with the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to **System > Reboot**, and you can restart your router.
- To reboot the router manually:

Click **REBOOT**, and wait a few minutes for the router to reboot.

Reboot		
Reboot to clear cache and enhance running	performance.	
	REBOOT	

- To set the router to reboot regularly:
- 1. Tick the **Enable** box of **Reboot Schedule**.
- 2. Specify the **Reboot Time** when the router reboots and **Repeat** to decide how often it reboots.
- 3. Click SAVE.

Reboot Schedule		
Set when and how often the router reboo	ts automatically.	
Reboot Schedule:	Enable	
Note: Make sure Time Settings are corre	ect before using this function.	
Current Time:		
Reboot Time:	02 🗸 00	~
Repeat:	Every Day	~

# 5.6. LED Control

The LED of the router indicates its activities and status. You can enable the **Night Mode** feature to specify a time period during which the LED is off.

- 1. Visit <u>http://mwlogin.net</u>, and log in with the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to **System > LED Control**.

## 3. Enable Night Mode.

LED Control					
Turn the router's LEDs on or off.					
LED Status:					
Night Mode					
Set a time period when the LEDs will be	off autom	atically.			
Night Mode: Note: Make sure Time Settings are corre			function.		
Current Time:					
LED Off From:	23	~	: 00	~	
To:	06	~	: 00	~	(next day)

4. Specify the LED off time, and the LED will be off during this period every day.

**Note:** The effective LED off time is based on the time of the router. You can go to **Advanced** > **System** > **Time** to modify the time.

5. Click SAVE.

# Chapter 6. Configure the Router in Range Extender Mode

This chapter presents how to configure the various features of the router working as a range extender.

It contains the following sections:

- Operation Mode
- Firmware Upgrade
- Backup & Restore
- Administration
- System Log
- <u>Time</u>
- <u>Reboot</u>
- LED Control

# 6.1. Operation Mode

- 1. Visit <u>http://mwlogin.net</u>, and log in with the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to **System > Operation Mode**.
- 3. Select the working mode as needed and click **SAVE**.

Operation Mode
Select an operation mode according to your needs.
Router Mode In this mode, the router can provide internet access for multiple wired and wireless devices. This mode is required most commonly.
Access Point Mode In this mode, the router changes an existing wired network into a wireless one.
Range Extender Mode(Current) In this mode, the router boosts the existing wireless coverage in your home.
O WISP Mode In this mode, the router connects to the ISP network wirelessly in areas without wired service.

# 6.2. Firmware Upgrade

Mercusys is dedicated to improving and richening the product features, giving users a better network experience. We will release the latest firmware at Mercusys official website **www.mercusys.com**. You can download the latest firmware file from the Support page of our website and upgrade the firmware to the latest version.

1. Download the latest firmware file for the router from our website **<u>www.mercusys.com</u>**.

- 2. Visit <u>http://mwlogin.net</u>, and log in with the password you set for the router.
- 3. Go to **System > Firmware Upgrade**.
- 4. Click **BROWSE** to locate the downloaded firmware file, and click **UPGRADE**.

Local Upgrade		
Upgrade firmware from a local file.		
Firmware Version:	1.0 - Durke 1007-10 Fax: 200805	
Hardware Version:	MILL207 1.0 0000000	
New Firmware File:		
	BROWSE	
	UPGRADE	

# 6.3. Backup & Restore

The configuration settings are stored as a configuration file in the router. You can backup the configuration file in your computer for future use and restore the router to the previous settings from the backup file when needed.

1. Visit <u>http://mwlogin.net</u>, and log in with the password you set for the router.

2. Go to **System > Backup & Restore**.

#### To backup configuration settings:

Click **BACK UP** to save a copy of the current settings in your local computer. A ".bin" file of the current settings will be stored in your computer.

Backup		
Save current router settings to a file.		
	BACK UP	

#### To restore configuration settings:

- 1. Click **BROWSE** to locate the backup configuration file stored in your computer, and click **RESTORE**.
- 2. Wait a few minutes for the restoring and rebooting.

Restore		
Restore settings from a backup file.		
File:		
	BROWSE	
	RESTORE	

#### To reset the router to factory default settings:

1. Click FACTORY RESTORE to reset the router.



2. Wait a few minutes for the restoring and rebooting.

#### Note:

- During the resetting process, do not turn off or reset the router.
- We strongly recommend you back up the current configuration settings before resetting the router.

# 6.4. Administration

## 6.4.1. Change Password

1. Visit <u>http://mwlogin.net</u>, and log in with the password you set for the router.

2. Go to **System > Administration**, and focus on the Change Password section.

Change Password	
Change the router's local management password.	
Old Password:	ø
New Password:	ø
Confirm New Password:	ø

3. Enter the old password, then a new password twice (both case-sensitive). Click SAVE.

4. Use the new password for future logins.

#### 6.4.2. Local Management

- 1. Visit <u>http://mwlogin.net</u>, and log in with the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to **System > Administration**, and focus on the Local Management section.

#### • Allow all LAN connected devices to manage the router:

Select All Devices for Local Managers.

Local Manag	jement		
Access and ma	nage the router from local	I network devices.	

- Allow specific devices to manage the router:
- 1. Select **Specified Devices** for Local Managers and click **SAVE**.

Local Managem	ent			
Access and manag	e the router from loca	I network devices.		
	Local Managers:	Specified Devices	~	
				Add Device
Description		MAC Address		Operation
your pc		08-57-00-00-20-13		一世

2. Click Add Device.

Add Device								×
	Description:							
		VIEW	CONN	NECTE	D DE	/ICES		
	MAC Address:	-	-	-	-	-		
					CAN	ICEL	S	AVE

- 3. Click **VIEW CONNECTED DEVICES** and select the device to manage the router from the Connected Devices list, or enter the **MAC address** of the device manually.
- 4. Specify a **Description** for this entry.
- 5. Click **SAVE**.

# 6.5. System Log

- 1. Visit <u>http://mwlogin.net</u>, and log in with the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to **System > System Log**, and you can view the logs of the router.

Current Time:	2018-07-20 01:00:10	
Q	G R	efresh 🛛 🗳 Clear Al
1 EXCEPTION hello		
2 EXCEPTION 1days, 02:03:04, 6		
Save Log		
Save system log locally.		

3. Click **SAVE TO LOCAL** to save the system logs to a local disk.

#### 6.5.1. Time

This function allows you to set the time manually or to configure automatic time synchronization. The router can automatically update the time from an NTP server via the internet.

- 1. Visit <u>http://mwlogin.net</u>, and log in with the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to **System > Time**.
- To set System Time:

stem Time	
t the router's system time.	
Current Time:	2010-07-08-01-08-18
24-Hour Time:	
Set Time:	Get from Internet
Time Zone:	(GMT+00:00) Greenwich Mean Time: Dublin, Edin
NTP Server I:	time.nist.gov
NTP Server II:	time-nw.nist.gov (Optional)

- 1. Select the way in which the router gets its time: **Get from Internet**, **Get from Managing Device**, **Manually**.
- 2. Select your local **Time Zone**.
- 3. Enter the address or domain of the NTP Server 1 or NTP Server 2.
- 4. Click SAVE.
- To set up Daylight Saving Time:
- 1. Tick the **Enable** box of **Daylight Saving Time**.

Automatically synchronize the system tim	ie with day	light savi	ng time.		
Daylight Saving Time:	Enab	le			
Start: 2019	Mar	~	2nd	~	
	Sun	~	02:00	~	
End: 2019	Nov	~	First	~	
	Sun	~	02:00	~	

- 2. Select the start time from the drop-down list in the **Start** fields.
- 3. Select the end time from the drop-down list in the **End** fields.
- 4. Click SAVE.

#### Note:

This setting will be used for some time-based functions such as firewall. You must specify your time zone once you log in to the router successfully; otherwise, time-based functions will not take effect.

# 6.6. **Reboot**

Some settings of the router will take effect only after rebooting, and the system will reboot automatically. You can also reboot the router to clear cache and enhance running performance.

- 1. Visit <u>http://mwlogin.net</u>, and log in with the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to **System > Reboot**, and you can restart your router.
- To reboot the router manually:

Click **REBOOT**, and wait a few minutes for the router to reboot.

Reboot			
Reboot to clear cache	and enhance running perf	ormance.	

- To set the router to reboot regularly:
- 1. Tick the **Enable** box of **Reboot Schedule**.
- 2. Specify the **Reboot Time** when the router reboots and **Repeat** to decide how often it reboots.
- 3. Click SAVE.

Reboot Schedule	
Set when and how often the router reboo	ots automatically.
Reboot Schedule:	C Enable
Note: Make sure Time Settings are corre	ect before using this function.
Current Time:	
Reboot Time:	02 🔹 : 00 🔹
Repeat:	Every Day

# 6.7. LED Control

The LED of the router indicates its activities and status. You can enable the **Night Mode** feature to specify a time period during which the LED is off.

- 1. Visit <u>http://mwlogin.net</u>, and log in with the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to **System > LED Control**.
- 3. Enable Night Mode.

LED Control				
Turn the router's LEDs on or off.				
LED Status:				
Night Mode				
Set a time period when the LEDs will be a	off automati	ically.		
Night Mode:	Enable	9		
	at hafara u	sing this function		
Note: Make sure Time Settings are corre	ct before u	sing this function.		
Note: Make sure Time Settings are corre Current Time:	ct before u	sing this function.		
	23	<ul> <li>: 00</li> </ul>	~	

4. Specify the LED off time, and the LED will be off during this period every day. Note: The effective LED off time is based on the time of the router. You can go to Advanced > System > Time to modify the time.

5. Click SAVE.

# Chapter 7. Configure the Router in WISP Mode

This chapter presents how to configure the various features of the router working in WISP mode.

It contains the following sections:

- Operation Mode
- <u>Network</u>
- Wireless
- NAT Forwarding
- Parental Controls
- <u>QoS</u>
- <u>Security</u>
- <u>IPv6</u>
- System

# 7.1. Operation Mode

- 1. Visit <u>http://mwlogin.net</u>, and log in with the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to **Advanced > Operation Mode**.
- 3. Select the working mode as needed and click **SAVE**.

Operation Mode	
Select an operation mode according to your needs.	
Router Mode     In this mode, the router can provide internet access for multiple wired and wireless dev	vices. This mode
is required most commonly.	
	<u>_</u>
Access Point Mode In this mode, the router changes an existing wired network into a wireless one.	
O Range Extender Mode	
In this mode, the router boosts the existing wireless coverage in your home.	
WISP Mode(Current)	
In this mode, the router connects to the ISP network wirelessly in areas without wired	service.
	Ţ.

# 7.2. Network

## 7.2.1. Status

- 1. Visit <u>http://mwlogin.net</u>, and log in with password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to **Advanced** > **Network** > **Status**. You can view the current status information of the router.

Status	
Internet status overview is displayed on	this page.
Internet	
	Disconnected
Internet Connection Type:	
IP Address:	2.2.2.2
Subnet Mask:	255.255.0.0
Default Gateway:	3.3.3.3
Primary DNS:	4.4.4.4
Secondary DNS:	5.5.5.5
LAN	
MAC Address:	88-CD-04-81-92-55
IP Address:	192.168.1.14
Subnet Mask:	255.255.255.0
IPTV/VLAN	
LAN1:	Internet
LAN2:	Internet
LAN3:	VolP
LAN4:	IPTV
DHCP Server	
DHCP Server:	Disabled
Dynamic DNS	
Service Provider:	DynDNS
Host Name:	a.cn
Status:	Connecting

- Internet This field displays the current settings of the internet, and you can configure them on the Advanced > Network > Internet page.
  - **Status** Indicates whether the router has been connected to the internet.
  - Internet Connection Type Indicates the way in which your router is connected to the internet.
  - IP Address The WAN IP address of the router.
  - Subnet Mask The subnet mask associated with the WAN IP address.

- **Default Gateway** The Gateway currently used is shown here. When you use Dynamic IP as the internet connection type, click **Renew** or **Release** here to obtain new IP parameters dynamically from the ISP or release them.
- **Primary & Secondary DNS** The IP addresses of DNS (Domain Name System) server.
- LAN This field displays the current settings of the LAN, and you can configure them on the Advanced > Network > LAN page.
  - MAC Address The physical address of the router.
  - IP Address The LAN IP address of the router.
  - **Subnet Mask** The subnet mask associated with the LAN IP address.
- DHCP Server This field displays the current settings of DHCP (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol) Server, and you can configure them on the Network > DHCP Server page.
  - **DHCP Server** Indicates whether the DHCP server is enabled of disabled. It is enabled by default and the router acts as a DHCP server.
  - **IP Address Pool** The IP address range for the DHCP server to assign IP addresses.
- Dynamic DNS This field displays the current settings of the Dynamic DNS (Domain Name System), and you can configure them on the Advanced > Network > Dynamic DNS page.
  - Service Provider The Dynamic DNS service provider you have signed up for.
  - Host Name The Domain Name you have entered in the Dynamic DNS page.
  - Status The status of the Dynamic DNS service connection.

# 7.2.2. Internet

- 1. Visit <u>http://mwlogin.net</u>, and log in with the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to **Advanced > Network > Internet**.
- 3. Set up the internet connection and click **SAVE**.

# **Dynamic IP**

If your ISP provides the DHCP service, please select **Dynamic IP**, and the router will automatically get IP parameters from your ISP.

Click **RENEW** to renew the IP parameters from your ISP.

Click **RELEASE** to release the IP parameters.

Set up an internet connection with the se provider). -	rvice information provided by your ISP (i	internet service
Internet Connection Type:	Dynamic IP V	
IP Address:	0.0.0.0	
Subnet Mask:	0.0.0.0	
Default Gateway:	0.0.0.0	
Primary DNS:	0.0.0.0	
Secondary DNS:	0.0.0.0	
	RENEW	
	RELEASE	
	<ul> <li>Advanced Settings</li> </ul>	
DNS Address:	Use the Following DNS Addresses/	
Primary DNS:	192.168.0.111	
Secondary DNS:	0.0.0.0	(Optional)
MTU Size:	1500 bytes	
	The default is 1500, do not change un	less necessary.
Host Name:	github	

- **MTU Size** The normal MTU (Maximum Transmission Unit) value for most Ethernet networks is 1500 Bytes. It is not recommended that you change the default MTU size unless required by your ISP.
- Host Name This option specifies the name of the router.
- Get IP with Unicast DHCP A few ISPs' DHCP servers do support the broadcast applications. If you cannot get the IP address normally, you can choose this option (it is rarely required).

## **Static IP**

If your ISP provides a static or fixed IP address, subnet mask, default gateway and DNS setting, please select **Static IP**.

	rvice information provided by your ISP (	
Internet Connection Type:	Static IP V	
IP Address:	160.100.0.11	
Subnet Mask:	218.298.296.0	
Default Gateway:	162.108-0.111	
Primary DNS:	100.100.0.111	
Secondary DNS:	0.0.0.0	(Optional)
MTU Size:	1500 bytes	

- IP Address Enter the IP address in dotted-decimal notation provided by your ISP.
- **Subnet Mask** Enter the subnet mask in dotted-decimal notation provided by your ISP. Normally 255.255.255.0 is used as the subnet mask.
- **Default Gateway** Enter the gateway IP address in dotted-decimal notation provided by your ISP.
- **Primary/Secondary DNS** (Optional) Enter one or two DNS addresses in dotted-decimal notation provided by your ISP.
- **MTU Size** The normal MTU (Maximum Transmission Unit) value for most Ethernet networks is 1500 bytes. It is not recommended that you change the default MTU size unless required by your ISP.

#### **PPPoE**

If your ISP provides PPPoE connection, select **PPPoE**.

provider).	ervice information provided by your ISP (internet service
Internet Connection Type:	PPPoE 🗸
Username:	admin
Password:	ø
IP Address:	0.0.0.0
Primary DNS:	0.0.0.0
Secondary DNS:	0.0.0.0
	<ul> <li>Advanced Settings</li> </ul>
Secondary Connection:	None 🗸
MTU Size:	1480 bytes
	The default is 1480, do not change unless necessary.
Service Name:	github (Leave blank unless ISP requires.)
Access Concentrator Name:	
	(Leave blank unless ISP requires.)
Detect Online Interval:	12 seconds
IP Address:	Get Dynamically from ISP 🛛 🗸
DNS Address:	Get Dynamically from ISP $\sim$
Primary DNS:	0.0.0.0
Secondary DNS:	0.0.0.0
Connection Mode:	On Demand V
	(Disconnect after max idle time and reconnect on demand.
Max Idle Time:	33 minutes (0 means always connected.)
	te means amays connected.)

- **Username/Password** Enter the user name and password provided by your ISP. These fields are case-sensitive.
- Secondary Connection It's available only for PPPoE connection. If your ISP provides an extra connection type, select **Dynamic IP** or **Static IP** to activate the secondary connection.
- **MTU Size** The default MTU size is 1480 bytes. It is not recommended that you change the default MTU size unless required by your ISP.

- **Service Name** The service name should not be configured unless you are sure it is necessary for your ISP. In most cases, leaving these fields blank will work.
- Access Concentrator Name The access concentrator name should not be configured unless you are sure it is necessary for your ISP. In most cases, leaving these fields blank will work.
- **Detect Online Interval** The router will detect Access Concentrator online at every interval. The default value is 10. You can input the value between 0 and 120. The value 0 means no detect.
- IP Address The default setting is to get an IP address dynamically from your ISP. If your ISP does not automatically assign IP addresses to the router, please select Use the Following IP Address and enter the IP address provided by your ISP in dotted-decimal notation.
- DNS Address The default setting is to get an IP address dynamically from your ISP. If your ISP does not automatically assign DNS addresses to the router, please select Use the Following DNS Addresses and enter the IP address in dotted-decimal notation of your ISP's primary DNS server. If a secondary DNS server address is available, enter it as well.
- **Connection Mode** Select an appropriate connection mode that determines how to connect to the internet.
  - **Auto** In this mode, the internet connection reconnects automatically any it gets disconnected.
  - **On Demand** In this mode, the internet connection will be terminated automatically after a specified inactivity period (Max Idle Time) and be re-established when you attempt to access the internet again.
  - **Time-based** In this mode, the internet connection is only established in a specific timeframe. If this option is selected, enter the start time and end time. Both are in HH:MM format.
  - Manual In this mode, the internet connection is controlled manually by clicking the Connect/Disconnect button. This mode also supports the Max Idle Time function as On Demand mode. Enter a maximum time (in minutes), the internet connection can be inactive before it is terminated into the Max Idle Time. The default value is 15 minutes. If you want the internet connection remains active all the time, enter 0 (zero).

#### Note:

Sometimes the connection cannot be terminated although you have specified the **Max Idle Time** because some applications are visiting the internet continually in the background.

# L2TP

If your ISP provides L2TP connection, please select L2TP.

provider).		
Internet Connection Type:	L2TP v	
Username:	123	
Password:		
IP Address:	0.0.0.0	
Primary DNS:	0.0.0.0	
Secondary DNS:	0.0.0.0	
	🖲 Dynamic IP	
	◯ Static IP	
VPN Server IP/Domain Name:	123.com	
IP Address:	0.0.0.0	
Subnet Mask:	0.0.0.0	
Default Gateway:	0.0.0.0	
Primary DNS:	0.0.0.0	
Secondary DNS:	0.0.0.0	
MTU Size:	1460	
	The default is 1480, do not change un	less necessary.
Connection Mode:	Auto 🗸	
	CONNECT	

- **Username/Password** Enter the username and password provided by your ISP. These fields are case-sensitive.
- VPN Server IP/ Domain Name Enter the VPN server's IP address or domain name provided by your ISP.
- **MTU Size** The default MTU size is "1460" bytes, which is usually fine. It is not recommended that you change the default MTU Size unless required by your ISP.
- Connection Mode
  - **Auto** In this mode, the internet connection reconnects automatically any it gets disconnected.
  - **On Demand** In this mode, the internet connection will be terminated automatically after a specified inactivity period (Max Idle Time) and be re-established when you attempt to access the internet again.

Manual - In this mode, the internet connection is controlled manually by clicking the Connect/Disconnect button. This mode also supports the Max Idle Time function as On Demand mode. Enter a maximum time (in minutes), the internet connection can be inactive before it is terminated into the Max Idle Time. The default value is 15 minutes. If you want the internet connection remains active all the time, enter 0 (zero).

#### Note:

Sometimes the connection cannot be terminated although you have specified the **Max Idle Time** because some applications are visiting the internet continually in the background.

#### **PPTP**

If your ISP provides PPTP connection, please select **PPTP**.

Set up an internet connection with the s provider).	ervice information provided by your ISP (internet service
Internet Connection Type:	PPTP v
Username:	444
Password:	Ø
IP Address:	0.0.0.0
Primary DNS:	0.0.0.0
Secondary DNS:	0.0.0.0
	<ul> <li>Dynamic IP</li> <li>Static IP</li> </ul>
VPN Server IP/Domain Name:	1238.com
IP Address:	0.0.0.0
Subnet Mask:	0.0.0.0
Default Gateway:	0.0.0.0
Primary DNS:	0.0.0.0
Secondary DNS:	0.0.0.0
MTU Size:	
	The default is 1420, do not change unless necessary.
Connection Mode:	

• **Username/Password** - Enter the username and password provided by your ISP. These fields are case-sensitive.

- VPN Server IP/ Domain Name Enter the VPN server's IP address or domain name provided by your ISP.
- **MTU Size** The default MTU size is "1420" bytes, which is usually fine. It is not recommended that you change the default MTU Size unless required by your ISP.
- Connection Mode
  - **Auto** In this mode, the internet connection reconnects automatically any it gets disconnected.
  - **On Demand** In this mode, the internet connection will be terminated automatically after a specified inactivity period (Max Idle Time) and be re-established when you attempt to access the internet again.
  - Manual In this mode, the internet connection is controlled manually by clicking the Connect/Disconnect button. This mode also supports the Max Idle Time function as On Demand mode. Enter a maximum time (in minutes), the internet connection can be inactive before it is terminated into the Max Idle Time. The default value is 15 minutes. If you want the internet connection remains active all the time, enter 0 (zero).

#### Note:

Sometimes the connection cannot be terminated although you have specified the **Max Idle Time** because some applications are visiting the internet continually in the background.

# 7. 2. 3. MAC Clone

- 1. Visit <u>http://mwlogin.net</u>, and log in with the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to **Advanced > Network > Internet** and locate the MAC Clone section.
- 3. Configure Router MAC Address and click SAVE.

MAC Clon	e		
	Router MAC Address:	Clone Current Device MAC	~
		Use Default MAC Address Clone Current Device MAC	
NAT		Use Custom MAC Address	

- Use Default MAC Address Do not change the default MAC address of your router in case the ISP does not bind the assigned IP address to the MAC address.
- Use Current MAC Address Select to copy the current MAC address of the computer that is connected to the router, in case the ISP binds the assigned IP address to the MAC address.

• Use Custom MAC Address - Select if your ISP requires you to register the MAC address and enter the correct MAC address in this field, in case the ISP binds the assigned IP address to the specific MAC address.

#### Note:

- You can only use the MAC Address Clone function for PCs on the LAN.
- If you have changed the WAN MAC address when the WAN connection is PPPoE, it will not take effect until the connection is re-established.

# 7.2.4. LAN

- 1. Visit <u>http://mwlogin.net</u>, and log in with the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to Advanced > Network > LAN.
- 3. Configure the IP parameters of the LAN and click SAVE.

LAN	
View and configure LAN settings.	
MAC Address:	88-CD-04-81-92-55
IP Address:	192.168.1.1
Subnet Mask:	255.255.255.0

- MAC Address The physical address of the LAN ports. The value can not be changed.
- **IP Address** Enter the IP address in dotted-decimal notation of your router (the default one is 192.168.1.1).
- **Subnet Mask** An address code that determines the size of the network. Normally 255.255.255.0 is used as the subnet mask.

#### Note:

- If you have changed the IP address, you must use the new IP address to log in.
- If the new IP address you set is not in the same subnet as the old one, the IP address pool in the DHCP Server will be configured automatically, but the Virtual Server and DMZ Host will not take effect until they are re-configured.

# 7. 2. 5. DHCP Server

By default, the DHCP (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol) Server is enabled and the router acts as a DHCP server; it dynamically assigns TCP/IP parameters to client devices from the IP Address Pool. You can change the settings of DHCP Server if necessary, and you can reserve LAN IP addresses for specified client devices.

- To specify the IP address that the router assigns:
- 1. Visit <u>http://mwlogin.net</u>, and log in with the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to Advanced > Network > DHCP Server and locate the DHCP Server section.

DHCP Server:	Enable	
IP Address Pool:	192.168.1.100 - 192.168.1.199	
Address Lease Time:	120 minutes	
Default Gateway:	192.168.1.1	(Optional)
Primary DNS:	0.0.0.0	(Optional)
Secondary DNS:	0.0.0.0	(Optional)

- 1. Tick the **Enable** checkbox.
- 2. Enter the starting and ending IP addresses in the IP Address Pool.
- 3. Enter other parameters if the ISP offers. The **Default Gateway** is automatically filled in and is the same as the LAN IP address of the router.
- 4. Click SAVE.

#### Note:

To use the DHCP server function of the router, you must configure all computers on the LAN as Obtain an IP Address automatically.

- To reserve an IP address for a specified client device:
- 1. Visit <u>http://mwlogin.net</u>, and log in with the password you set for the router.
- Go to Advanced > Network > DHCP Server and locate the Address Reservation section.
- 3. Click Add in the Address Reservation section.

Address Reserva	ation			
Reserve IP addresse	es for specific devices con	nected to the router.		
				🕂 Add
Device Name	MAC Address	Reserved IP Address	Status	Modify
No Entries in this	table.			

 Click VIEW CONNECTED DEVICES and select the you device you want to reserve an IP for. Then the MAC and IP Address will be automatically filled in. You can also enter the MAC and IP address of the client device.

Add a Reservation Entry		×
MAC Address:	VIEW CONNECTED DEVICES	
IP Address:		
	CANCEL	SAVE

- To check the DHCP client list:
- 1. Visit <u>http://mwlogin.net</u>, and log in with the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to **Advanced > Network > DHCP Server** and locate the **DHCP Client List** section. You can see the device information of the list.
- 3. Click **Refresh** to see the current attached devices.

DHCP Client List					
View the devices that are currently assigned with IP addresses by the DHCP server.					
Total Clients: 66			G Refrest		
Total Clients: 66 Device Name	MAC Address	Assigned IP Address	C Refrest		

#### 7.2.6. Dynamic DNS

The router offers the DDNS (Dynamic Domain Name System) feature, which allows the hosting of a website, FTP server, or e-mail server with a fixed domain name (named by yourself) and a dynamic IP address. Thus your friends can connect to your server by entering your domain name no matter what your IP address is. Before using this feature, you need to sign up for DDNS service providers such as www.comexe.cn, www.dyndns.org, or www.noip.com. The Dynamic DNS client service provider will give you a password or key.

- 1. Visit <u>http://mwlogin.net</u>, and log in with the username and password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to Advanced > Network > Dynamic DNS.
- 3. Select the **DDNS Service Provider**: NO-IP or DynDNS. If you don't have a DDNS account, you have to register first by clicking **Register Now**.

<b>bynamic DNS</b> .ssign a fixed host name (domain name) buter	for remote access to your	device, webs	ite, or server behind the
лист.			
Service Provider:	DynDNS	~	Register Now
Username:	feoilfaoilf		
Password:	•••••	ø	
Domain Name:			
Status:	Connecting		
	LOGIN AND SA	VE	
	LOGOUT		

- 4. Enter the Username for your DDNS account.
- 5. Enter the **Password** for your DDNS account.
- 6. Enter the Domain Name you received from dynamic DNS service provider here.
- 7. If your service provider is NO-IP, select **WAN IP binding** to ensure that the domain name is bound to the WAN IP of this router.
- 8. Click LOGIN AND SAVE.

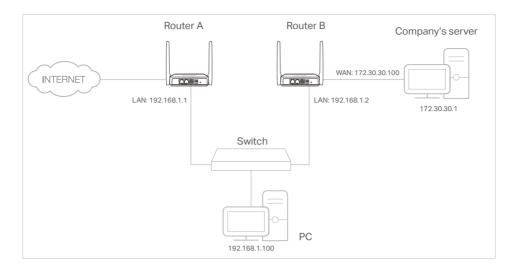
## 7.2.7. Static Routing

Static Routing is a form of routing that is configured manually by a network administrator or a user by adding entries into a routing table. The manually-configured routing information guides the router in forwarding data packets to the specific destination.

#### I want to:

Visit multiple networks and servers at the same time.

For example, in a small office, my PC can surf the internet through Router A, but I also want to visit my company's network. Now I have a switch and Router B. I connect the devices as shown in the following figure so that the physical connection between my PC and my company's server is established. To surf the internet and visit my company's network at the same time, I need to configure the static routing.



## How can I do that?

- 1. Change the routers' LAN IP addresses to two different IP addresses on the same subnet. Disable Router B's DHCP function.
- 2. Visit <u>http://mwlogin.net</u>, and log in with the password you set for Router A.
- 3. Go to Advanced > Network > Routing and locate the Static Routing section.
- 4. Click Add and finish the settings according to the following explanations:

Add a Routing Entry		×
Network Destination:		
Subnet Mask:		
Default Gateway:		
Interface:	WAN	
Description:		
	CANCEL	SAVE

- **Network Destination** The destination IP address that you want to assign to a static route. This IP address cannot be on the same subnet with the WAN IP or LAN IP of Router A. In the example, the IP address of the company network is the destination IP address, so here enter 172.30.30.1.
- **Subnet Mask** The Subnet Mask determines which portion of an IP address is the network portion, and which portion is the host portion.
- **Default Gateway** The IP address of the gateway device to which the data packets will be sent. This IP address must be on the same subnet with the router's IP which

sends out data. In the example, the data packets will be sent to the LAN port of Router B and then to the Server, so the default gateway should be 192.168.1.2.

- Interface Determined by the port (WAN/LAN) that sends out data packets. In the example, the data are sent to the gateway through the LAN port of Router A, so LAN should be selected.
- **Description** Enter a description for this static routing entry.
- 5. Click SAVE.
- 6. Check the **Routing Table** below. If you can find the entry you've set, the static routing is set successfully.

# 7.3. Wireless

#### 7.3.1. Wireless Settings

- 1. Visit <u>http://mwlogin.net</u>, and log in with the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to Advanced > Wireless > Wireless Settings.
- 3. Configure the wireless settings for the wireless network and click SAVE.

Personalize wireless settings as you nee	ed.		
2.4GHz:	Enable Sharing Network		
Network Name (SSID):	Mercusys_8B07		Hide SSID
Security:	None	~	
Transmit Power:	High	~	
Channel Width:	Auto	~	

- 2.4GHz Select this checkbox to enable the 2.4GHz wireless network.
- Network Name (SSID) Enter a value of up to 32 characters. The same Name (SSID) must be assigned to all wireless devices in your network.
- **Hide SSID** Select this checkbox if you want to hide the 2.4GHz network name (SSID) from the Wi-Fi network list. In this case, you need to manually join the network.
- Security Select an option from the Security drop-down list.
  - **None** No security. It is highly recommend you enable the wireless security to protect your wireless network from unauthorized access.

- **WPA-PSK/WPA2-Personal** It's the WPA/WPA2 authentication type based on preshared passphrase. It's also the recommended security type.
- WPA /WPA2-Enterprise It's based on Radius Server.
- WEP It is based on the IEEE 802.11 standard.
- Version Keep default version value.
- Encryption Select Auto, TKIP or AES. We recommend you keep the default settings.
- **Transmit Power** Select **High**, **Middle** or **Low** to specify the data transmit power. The default and recommended setting is **High**.
- Channel Width Select a channel width (bandwidth) for the wireless network.
- **Channel** Select an operating channel for the wireless network. It is recommended to leave the channel to **Auto**, if you are not experiencing the intermittent wireless connection issue.
- **Mode** You can choose the appropriate "Mixed" mode.

## 7. 3. 2. Guest Network

Guest Network allows you to provide Wi-Fi access for guests without disclosing your host network. When you have guests in your house, apartment, or workplace, you can create a guest network for them. In addition, you can customize guest network settings to ensure network security and privacy.

- Create a Guest Network
- 1. Visit <u>http://mwlogin.net</u>, and log in with the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to Wireless or Advanced > Wireless > Guest Network.
- 3. Enable the **Guest Network** function.

Guest Network		
Create a separate network for your guest	is to ensure network security and privac	γ.
2.4GHz	Enable Sharing Network	
Network Name (SSID):	MEGuest_8B07	Hide SSID
Security:	WPA/WPA2-Personal V	
Password:		

- 4. Create a network name for your guest network.
- 5. Select the **Security** type and create the **Password** of the guest network.
- 6. Click **SAVE**. Now you guests can access your guest network using the SSID and password you set!
- Customize Guest Network Options

- 1. Visit <u>http://mwlogin.net</u>, and log in with the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to Advanced > Wireless > Guest Network. Locate the Guest Permissions section.
- 3. Customize guest network options according to your needs.

Guest Permissio	ns
Control the data tha	t guests can access.
	Allow guests to see each other
	Allow guests to access your local network

#### • Allow guests to see each other

Tick this checkbox if you want to allow the wireless clients on your guest network to communicate with each other via methods such as network neighbors and Ping.

#### • Allow guests to access my local network

Tick this checkbox if you want to allow the wireless clients on your guest network to communicate with the devices connected to your router's LAN ports or main network via methods such as network neighbors and Ping.

4. Click **SAVE**. Now you can ensure network security and privacy!

## 7. 3. 3. Wireless Schedule

The wireless function can be automatically off at a specific time when you do not need the wireless function.

- 1. Visit <u>http://mwlogin.net</u>, and log in with the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to Advanced > Wireless > Wireless Schedule.
- 3. Enable the Wireless Schedule function.

Schedule when to automatically turn	off your wireless network	
	on your wheless network.	
	_	
Wireless Schedu	le: 🗹 Enable	
Note: Before enabling Wireless Off T	ime Schedule, please go to Advanced->	System Tools->System Time
to check Get automatically from the		
Current Time:		
ourrent rinte.		
		🔂 Ado
Wireless Off Time	Benest	
Wireless Off Time	Repeat	G Add
		Modify
Wireless Off Time 12:00-11:00 (next day)	Repeat Every Day	
12:00-11:00 (next day)	Every Day	Modify ① 前
		Modify
12:00-11:00 (next day)	Every Day	Modify ① 前

4. Click **Add** to specify a wireless off period during which you need the wireless off automatically, and click **SAVE**.

Add Schedule								×
Wireless Off Time: From	01				<b>~</b>			
То	01			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<ul> <li>(ne)</li> </ul>	xt day)		
Repeat:	S	M	(	W	T	F	S	
				CANCE	iL	5	AVE	

Note:

- The effective wireless schedule is based on the time of the router. You can go to Advanced > System > Time to modify the time.
- The wireless network will be automatically turned on after the time period you set.

#### 7.3.4. WPS

WPS (Wi-Fi Protected Setup) can help you to quickly and securely connect to a network.

This section will guide you to add a new wireless device to your router's network quickly via WPS.

#### Note:

The WPS function cannot be configured if the wireless function of the router is disabled. Please make sure the wireless function is enabled before configuration.

1. Visit http://mwlogin.net, and log in with the password you set for the router.

- 2. Go to Advanced > Wireless > WPS.
- 3. Follow one of the following two methods to connect your client device to the router's Wi-Fi network.

# Method ONE: Using a PIN

## • Connects via the Client's PIN

1. Keep the WPS Status as Enabled and select Client's PIN.

Jse WPS (Wi-Fi P easily.	rotected Setup) to connect a client (personal device) to the router's wireless network
	WPS:
	Method 1: Using a PIN
	Client's PIN
	O Router's PIN
	Enter your personal device's PIN here and click CONNECT
	CONNECT

- 2. Enter the PIN of your device and click **CONNECT**. Then your device will get connected to the router.
- Connects via the Router's PIN
- 1. Keep the WPS Status as **Enabled** and select **Router's PIN**.

WPS	
Use WPS (WI-FI Protected Setup) to cor easily.	nnect a client (personal device) to the router's wireless network
WPS	
Method 1:	Using a PIN
	Client's PIN
	Router's PIN
Router's PIN:	
	Enter the router's PIN on your personal device. Router's PIN: 39070340
	GET NEW PIN

2. Enter the router's PIN on your personal device. You can also generate a new one.

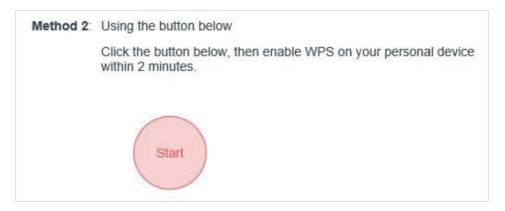
#### Note:

PIN (Personal Identification Number) is an eight-character identification number preset to each router. WPS supported devices can connect to your router with the PIN.

## Method TWO: Push the WPS Button

Click **Start** on the screen. Within two minutes, press the WPS button on your device. A **Device-(XX-XX-XX-XX-XX)** Connected message should appear on the screen and the LED should change from blinking to solid on, indicating successful WPS connection. Note:

XX-XX-XX-XX-XX is the MAC address of your device.



#### 7. 3. 5. Additional Settings

1. Visit <u>http://mwlogin.net</u>, and log in with the password you set for the router.

- 2. Go to Advanced > Wireless > Additional Settings.
- 3. Configure the advanced settings of your wireless network and click Save.

#### Note:

If you are not familiar with the setting items on this page, it's strongly recommended to keep the provided default values; otherwise it may result in lower wireless network performance.

Additional Settings		
Check advanced wireless settings for you	ir device.	
WMM:	Enable	
Short GI:	Enable	
AP Isolation:	Enable	
Beacon Interval:	100	
RTS Threshold:	2346	
DTIM Interval:	1	
Group Key Update Period:	0	S

- **Enable WMM** WMM function can guarantee the packets with high-priority messages being transmitted preferentially.
- Enable Short GI It is recommended to enable this function, for it will increase the data capacity by reducing the guard interval time.
- **AP Isolation** This function isolates all connected wireless stations so that wireless stations cannot access each other through WLAN.
- **Beacon Interval** Enter a value between 40-1000 milliseconds for Beacon Interval here. Beacon Interval value determines the time interval of the beacons. The beacons are the packets sent by the router to synchronize a wireless network. The default value is 100.
- **RTS Threshold** Here you can specify the RTS (Request to Send) Threshold. If the packet is larger than the specified RTS Threshold size, the router will send RTS frames to a particular receiving station and negotiate the sending of a data frame. The default value is 2346.
- **DTIM Interval** This value determines the interval of the Delivery Traffic Indication Message (DTIM). A DTIM field is a countdown field informing clients of the next window for listening to broadcast and multicast messages. When the router has buffered broadcast or multicast messages for associated clients, it sends the next DTIM with a DTIM Interval value. You can specify the value between 1-255 Beacon Intervals. The default value is 1, which indicates the DTIM Interval is the same as Beacon Interval.
- **Group Key Update Period** Enter a number of seconds (minimum 30) to control the time interval for the encryption key automatic renewal. The default value is 0, meaning no key renewal.

# 7.4. NAT Forwarding

The router's NAT (Network Address Translation) feature makes the devices on the LAN use the same public IP address to communicate on the internet, which protects the local network by hiding IP addresses of the devices. However, it also brings about the problem that external hosts cannot initiatively communicate with the specified devices in the local network.

With the forwarding feature, the router can traverse the isolation of NAT so that clients on the internet can reach devices on the LAN and realize some specific functions.

The Mercusys router includes four forwarding rules. If two or more rules are set, the priority of implementation from high to low is Port Forwarding, Port Triggering, UPNP and DMZ.

# 7.4.1. Port Forwarding

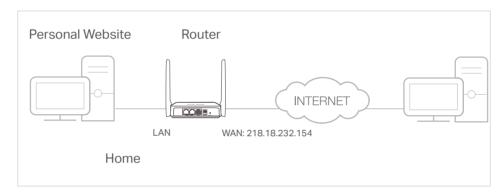
When you build up a server in the local network and want to share it on the internet, Port Forwarding can realize the service and provide it to internet users. At the same time Port Forwarding can keep the local network safe as other services are still invisible from the internet.

Port Forwarding can be used to set up public services in your local network, such as HTTP, FTP, DNS, POP3/SMTP and Telnet. Different service uses different service port. Port 80 is used in HTTP service, port 21 in FTP service, port 25 in SMTP service and port 110 in POP3 service. Please verify the service port number before the configuration.

### I want to:

Share my personal website I've built in local network with my friends through the internet.

For example, the personal website has been built in my home PC (192.168.1.100). I hope that my friends on the internet can visit my website in some way. My PC is connected to the router with the WAN IP address 218.18.232.154.



- 1. Set your PC to a static IP address, for example 192.168.1.100.
- 2. Visit <u>http://mwlogin.net</u>, and log in with the password you set for the router.
- 3. Go to Advanced > NAT Forwarding > Port Forwarding.
- 4. Click Add.

Add a Port Forwarding Entry		×
Service Name:		
	VIEW COMMON SERVIC	ES
Device IP Address:		
	VIEW CONNECTED DEVIC	CES
External Port:		
Internal Port:		
Protocol:	All	~
	Enable This Entry	
	CANC	EL SAVE

- 5. Click VIEW COMMON SERVICES and select HTTP. The External Port, Internal Port and Protocol will be automatically filled in.
- Click VIEW CONNECTED DEVICES and select your home PC. The Device IP Address will be automatically filled in. Or enter the PC's IP address 192.168.1.100 manually in the Device IP Address field.

#### 7. Click SAVE.

Note:

- It is recommended to keep the default settings of **Internal Port** and **Protocol** if you are not clear about which port and protocol to use.
- If the service you want to use is not in the **Common Services** list, you can enter the corresponding parameters manually. You should verify the port number that the service needs.
- You can add multiple virtual server rules if you want to provide several services in a router. Please note that the **External Port** should not be overlapped.

#### Done!

Users on the internet can enter http:// WAN IP (in this example: http:// 218.18.232.154) to

visit your personal website.

Note:

- If you have changed the default External Port, you should use http:// WAN IP: External Port to visit the website.
- The WAN IP should be a public IP address. For the WAN IP is assigned dynamically by the ISP, it is recommended to apply and register a domain name for the WAN referring to **Dynamic DNS**. Then users on the internet can use **http:// domain name** to visit the website.

# 7.4.2. Port Triggering

Port triggering can specify a triggering port and its corresponding external ports. When a host in the local network initiates a connection to the triggering port, all the external ports will be opened for subsequent connections. The router can record the IP address of the

host. When the data from the internet return to the external ports, the router can forward them to the corresponding host. Port triggering is mainly applied to online games, VoIPs, video players and common applications including MSN Gaming Zone, Dialpad, Quick Time 4 players and more.

Follow the steps below to configure the port triggering rules:

- 1. Visit <u>http://mwlogin.net</u>, and log in with the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to Advanced > NAT Forwarding > Port Triggering.
- 3. Click Add.
- 4. Click **VIEW COMMON SERVICES**, and select the desired application. The Triggering Port, Triggering Protocol and External Port will be automatically filled in. The following picture takes application MSN Gaming Zone as an example.

Add a Port Triggering Entry		×
Service Name:	MSN Gaming Zone	
	VIEW COMMON SERVICES	
Triggering Port:	47624	
Triggering Protocol:	All	
External Port:	2300-2400,28800-29000	
	(XX or XX-XX,1-65535,at most 5 pairs	)
External Protocol:	All	
	Enable This Entry	
	CANCEL	SAVE

#### 5. Click SAVE.

#### Note:

- You can add multiple port triggering rules as needed.
- The triggering ports can not be overlapped.
- If the application you need is not listed in the Common Services list, please enter the parameters manually. You should verify the external ports the application uses first and enter them in External Ports field. You can input at most 5 groups of ports (or port sections). Every group of ports must be set apart with ",". For example, 2000-2038, 2050-2051, 2085, 3010-3030.

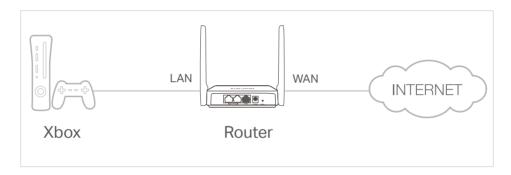
# 7.4.3. UPnP

The UPnP (Universal Plug and Play) protocol allows the applications or host devices to automatically find the front-end NAT device and send request to it to open the corresponding ports. With UPnP enabled, the applications or host devices on the local

network and the internet can freely communicate with each other realizing the seamless connection of the network. You may need to enable the UPnP if you want to use applications for multiplayer gaming, peer-to-peer connections, real-time communication (such as VoIP or telephone conference) or remote assistance, etc.

- UPnP is enabled by default in this router.
- Only the application supporting UPnP protocol can use this feature.
- UPnP feature needs the support of operating system (e.g. Windows Vista/ Windows 7/ Windows 8, etc. Some of operating system need to install the UPnP components).

For example, when you connect your Xbox to the router which is connected to the internet to play online games, UPnP will send request to the router to open the corresponding ports allowing the following data penetrating the NAT to transmit. Therefore, you can play Xbox online games without a hitch.



If necessary, you can follow the steps to change the status of UPnP.

- 1. Visit <u>http://mwlogin.net</u>, and log in with the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to **Advanced > NAT Forwarding > UPnP** and toggle on or off according to your needs.

			lly open ports for
UPnP: 🌔			
information.			
			C Refres
Client IP Address	Internal Port	External Port	Protocol
100 100 0 14	20	10	TCP
	70	20	UDP
	UPnP:	UPnP: OPP: OPP: OPP: OPP: OPP: OPP: OPP:	Client IP Address Internal Port External Port

# 7.4.4. DMZ

When a PC is set to be a DMZ (Demilitarized Zone) host in the local network, it is totally exposed to the internet, which can realize the unlimited bidirectional communication between internal hosts and external hosts. The DMZ host becomes a virtual server with all ports opened. When you are not clear about which ports to open in some special applications, such as IP camera and database software, you can set the PC to be a DMZ host.

#### Note:

DMZ is more applicable in the situation that users are not clear about which ports to open. When it is enabled, the DMZ host is totally exposed to the internet, which may bring some potential safety hazards. If DMZ is not in use, please disable it in time.

#### I want to:

Make the home PC join the internet online game without port restriction.

For example, due to some port restriction, when playing the online games, you can log in normally but cannot join a team with other players. To solve this problem, set your PC as a DMZ host with all ports opened.

## How can I do that?

- 1. Assign a static IP address to your PC, for example 192.168.1.100.
- 2. Visit <u>http://mwlogin.net</u>, and log in with the password you set for the router.
- 3. Go to Advanced > NAT Forwarding > DMZ and select Enable DMZ.
- Click VIEW CONNECTED DEVICES and select your PC. The DMZ Host IP Address will be automatically filled in. Or enter the PC's IP address 192.168.1.100 manually in the DMZ Host IP Address field.

DMZ	
Expose a specific device in your local ne real-time communications.	twork to the internet for applications such as online gaming and
DMZ:	O Disabled
	Enable DMZ
DMZ Host IP Address:	0.0.0.0
	VIEW CONNECTED DEVICES

5. Click SAVE.

#### Done!

You've set your PC to a DMZ host and now you can make a team to game with other players.

# 7.5. Parental Controls

Parental Controls allows you to set up unique restrictions on internet access for each member of your family. You can block inappropriate content, set daily limits for the total time spent online and restrict internet access to certain times of the day.

#### I want to:

Block access to inappropriate online content for my child's devices, restrict internet access to 2 hours every day and block internet access during bed time (10 PM to 7 AM) on weekdays.

#### How can I do that?

- 1. Visit <u>http://mwlogin.net</u>, and log in with the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to Advanced > Parental Controls.
- 3. Click **Add** to create a profile for a family member.

arental Controls				
ter content and limit time spent online for your family members.				
				🔂 Ade
Profile Name	Time Limits	Devices	Internet Access	Modify
1111122	30 mins	1		C 🗇

4. Add basic profile information.

Create Profile		×
Basic I	Information	
	Name:	
	+	

- 1) Enter a Name for the profile to make it easier to identify.
- 2) Under Devices, click +.
- 3) Select the devices that belong to this family member. Access restrictions will be applied to these devices. Click **ADD** when finished.

**Note:** Only devices that have previously been connected to your router's network are listed here. If you are unable to find the device you want to add, connect it to your network and then try again.

- 4) Click **NEXT**.
- 5. Block content for this profile.

Profile	×
Blocked Content	
Blocked Content Block all websites that contain a specific keyword.	
Input keyword	
	Blocked Content Blocked Content Block all websites that contain a specific keyword.

- 1) Enter the key word of the website that you want to block. Click 😌 if want to block multiple websites.
- 2) Click NEXT.
- 6. Set time restrictions on internet access.

Create Profile	
<b>o</b>	Time Controls
Time Limits	
Set daily time limits for the	total time spent online.
Mon to Fri:	
Daily Time Limit:	2 hours 🗸
Sat & Sun:	
Daily Time Limit:	2 hours
Bed Time	
Block this person's internet	t access between certain times.
School Nights: (Sun to Thur)	
Good Night:	
Good Morning:	07 🗸 : 00 🗸
Weekend: (Fri & Sat)	$\bigcirc$

- 1) Enable **Time Limits** on Monday to Friday and Saturday & Sunday then set the allowed online time to 2 hours each day.
- 2) Enable **Bed Time** on School Nights (Sun to Thur) and use the up/down arrows or enter times in the fields. Devices under this profile will be unable to access the internet during this time period.
- 3) Click SAVE.

Note: The effective time limits are based on the time of the router. You can go to Advanced > System > Time to modify the time.

# Done!

The amount of time your child spends online is controlled and inappropriate content is blocked on their devices.

# 7.6. **QoS**

QoS (Quality of Service) is designed to ensure the efficient operation of the network when come across network overload or congestion. Devices set as high priority will be allocated more bandwidth and so continue to run smoothly even when there are many devices connected to the network.

### I want to:

Ensure a fast connection of my computer while I play online games for the next 2 hours.

# How can I do that

- 1. Visit <u>http://mwlogin.net</u>, and log in with the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to **Advanced** > **QoS**.
- 3. Tick the **Enable** checkbox of QoS.
- 4. Enter the maximum upload and download bandwidths provided by your internet service provider, and then click **SAVE**. 1Mbps equals to 1,000Kbps.
- 5. Find your computer in the **Device Priority** section and toggle on **Priority**. Select 4 hours from the drop-down list of **Timing**. Your computer will be prioritized for the next 4 hours.

	internet traffic of specific d	evices to guarante	e a faster conr	ection. You n	eed to set the to
iawiatri D	efore using QoS.				
	QoS:	Enable			
	Upload Bandwidth:	100	Kbps	~	
	Download Bandwidth:	100	Kbps	~	
Device	Priority				
	,				
Туре	Information	Real-time Rate	Traffic Usage	Priority	Timing
0		1.0 KB/s			4 hours 🗸
	(LAN) 08-57-00-00-20-12	↓ 0 B/s	3 MB		2 h 0 min

#### Done!

You can now enjoy playing games without lag on your computer for the next 4 hours.

# 7.7. Security

This function allows you to protect your home network from cyber attacks and unauthorized users by implementing these network security functions.

#### 7.7.1. Firewall

The SPI (Stateful Packet Inspection) Firewall protects the router from cyber attacks and validate the traffic that is passing through the router based on the protocol. This function is enabled by default.

- 1. Visit <u>http://mwlogin.net</u>, and log in with the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to **Advanced** > **Security** > **Firewall**, and configure the parameters as you need. It's recommended to keep the default settings.

Firewall	
Check the settings of	the firewall that protects your network. It is recommended to keep them as default.
	SPI Firewall:
Respond t	o Pings from LAN:
Responde	

# 7.7.2. Access Control

Access Control is used to block or allow specific client devices to access your network (via wired or wireless) based on a list of blocked devices (Blacklist) or a list of allowed devices (Whitelist).

### I want to:

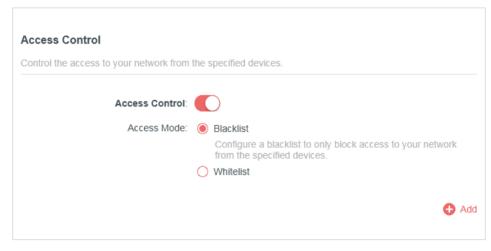
Block or allow specific client devices to access my network (via wired or wireless).

### How can I do that?

- 1. Visit <u>http://mwlogin.net</u>, and log in with the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to Advanced > Security > Access Control.
- 3. Select the access mode to either block (recommended) or allow the device(s) in the list.

#### To block specific device(s):

1) Select Blacklist and click SAVE.



2) Click **Add** and select devices you want to be blocked. You can see the devices have been added to the blacklist.

			🕂 Ad
Device Type	Device Name	MAC Address	Modify
<b>—</b>	10567% and	00-11-22-33-44-55	団
<b>—</b>	-00075 844	70-47-E9-E7-22-44	団

#### To allow specific device(s):

1) Select Whitelist and click SAVE.

Access Control	
Control the access to your network from th	e specified devices.
Access Control:	
Access Mode: (	Blacklist
(	Whitelist
	Configure a whitelist to only allow access to your network from the specified devices.
	🔂 Add

- 2) Add devices to the whitelist.
- Add connected devices

Click Select From Device List and select the devices you want to be allowed.

Add Devices	×
<ul> <li>Select From Device List</li> <li>Add Manually</li> </ul>	
192.168.1.111 08-57-00-00-20-12	192.168.1.102 10-FE-ED-01-4A-B4
192.168.1.166 70-47-E9-A7-22-44	
	CANCEL ADD

#### • Add unconnected devices

Click **Add Manually** and enter the **Device Name** and **MAC Address** of the device you want to be allowed.

Add Devices		×
<ul> <li>Select From Device List</li> <li>Add Manually</li> </ul>		
Device Name:		
MAC Address:		
	CANCEL	ADD

# Done!

Now you can block or allow specific client devices to access your network (via wired or wireless) using the **Blacklist** or **Whitelist**.

# 7.7.3. IP & MAC Binding

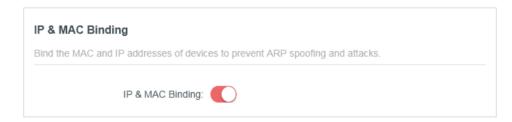
IP & MAC Binding, namely, ARP (Address Resolution Protocol) Binding, is used to bind network device's IP address to its MAC address. This will prevent ARP Spoofing and other ARP attacks by denying network access to a device with matching IP address in the Binding list, but unrecognized MAC address.

## I want to:

Prevent ARP spoofing and ARP attacks.

# How can I do that?

- 1. Visit <u>http://mwlogin.net</u>, and log in with the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to Advanced > Security > IP & MAC Binding.
- 3. Enable IP & MAC Binding and click SAVE.



4. Bind your device(s) according to your need.

#### To bind the connected device(s):

Locate the **ARP List** section and enable Bind to bind the IP and MAC addresses of a specific device.

ind or unbind the MAG	C and IP addresses of curr	ently connected devices		
				🗘 Refrest
Device Name	MAC Address	IP Address	Bind	Modify
Unknown	08-57-00-00-20-12	192.168.1.111	$\bigcirc$	一世
Unknown2	08-57-00-00-20-13	192.168.1.114		一世

#### To add a binding entry:

- 1) Click Add in the Binding List section.
- 2) Click **VIEW CONNECTED DEVICES** and select the device you want to bind. Or enter the **MAC Address** and **IP Address** that you want to bind.
- 3) Click ADD.

Add Binding Entry		×
MAC Address:		
	VIEW CONNECTED DEVICES	
IP Address:		
	CANCEL	ADD

# 7.8. IPv6

This function allows you to enable IPv6 function and set up the parameters of the router's Wide Area Network (WAN) and Local Area Network (LAN).

#### 7.8.1. IPv6 Status

- 1. Visit <u>http://mwlogin.net</u>, and log in with the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to **Advanced** > **IPv6**, and you can view the current IPv6 status information of the router.
- 3. Enable IPv6 and select the mode: Router or Pass-Through (Bridge).
- If you select Router:



Fill in WAN and LAN information as required by different connection types.

- Normal: The default connection type.
- 1) Configure the WAN settings.

Configure the WAN connection based or	n your network typology.	
WAN Connection Type:	Normal	$\sim$
Get IPv6 Address:	Auto	$\sim$
	Manually set DNS server	
Link-Local Address:		
Global Address:		

2) Configure the LAN settings. Fill in Address Prefix provided by your ISP.

configure the LAN IPv6 address of the ro	outer.	
	Enable Prefix Delegation	
Address Prefix:		
Prefix Length:	0	
Link-Local Address:		
Prefix:		
	Connect	
	Disconnect	

- 3) Click SAVE.
- **PPPoE**: Select this type if your ISP uses PPPoEv6, and provides a username and password.
- 1) Configure the WAN settings.

WAN	
Configure the WAN connection based or	n your network typology.
WAN Connection Type:	PPPoE 🗸
Get IPv6 Address:	Auto
	Use the same PPPoE session as IPv4 ?
Username:	
Password:	
	Manually set DNS server
Link-Local Address:	
Global Address:	
Gateway:	
Primary DNS:	
Secondary DNS:	

2) Configure the LAN settings. Fill in Address Prefix provided by your ISP.

LAN		
Configure the LAN IPv6 address of the r	outer.	
	Enable Prefix Delegation	
Address Prefix:		
Prefix Length:	0	
Link-Local Address:		
Prefix:		
	Connect	
	Disconnect	
	Disconnect	

- **Tunnel 6to4**: Select this type if your ISP uses 6 to 4 deployment fort assigning address.
- 1) Configure the WAN settings.

WAN	
Configure the WAN connection based or	n your network typology.
WAN Connection Type:	Tunnel 6to4
	Manually set DNS server
Link-Local Address:	
Global Address:	
Gateway:	
Primary DNS:	
Secondary DNS:	

2) Configure the LAN settings.

LAN		
Configure the LAN IPv6 address of the ro	uter.	
Link-Local Address:		
Prefix:		
	Connect	
	Disconnect	

• If you select Pass-Through (Bridge):

Click **SAVE**. No configuration is required.

IPv6	
Set up an IPv6 connection if your ISP pro	ovides IPv6 service.
Mode:	Pass-Through (Bridge)
	Select this type if your ISP uses Pass-Through (Bridge) network deployment.

# 7.9. System

#### 7.9.1. Firmware Upgrade

Mercusys is dedicated to improving and richening the product features, giving users a better network experience. We will release the latest firmware at Mercusys official website **www.mercusys.com**. You can download the latest firmware file from the Support page of our website and upgrade the firmware to the latest version.

1. Download the latest firmware file for the router from our website www.mercusys.com.

- 2. Visit <u>http://mwlogin.net</u>, and log in with the password you set for the router.
- 3. Go to Advanced > System > Firmware Upgrade.
- 4. Click **BROWSE** to locate the downloaded firmware file, and click **UPGRADE**.

_ocal Upgrade		
Jpgrade firmware from a local file.		
Firmware Version:	1.0 - Date 100710 Rel 00000	
Hardware Version:	MILLION 1.0 0000000	
New Firmware File:		
	BROWSE	
	UPGRADE	

#### 7.9.2. Backup & Restore

The configuration settings are stored as a configuration file in the router. You can backup the configuration file in your computer for future use and restore the router to the previous settings from the backup file when needed.

- 1. Visit <u>http://mwlogin.net</u>, and log in with the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to Advanced > System > Backup & Restore.

#### To backup configuration settings:

Click **BACK UP** to save a copy of the current settings in your local computer. A ".bin" file of the current settings will be stored in your computer.

Backup		
Save current router settings to a file.		
		_
	BACK UP	

#### To restore configuration settings:

- 1. Click **BROWSE** to locate the backup configuration file stored in your computer, and click **RESTORE**.
- 2. Wait a few minutes for the restoring and rebooting.

store settings from a backup file.  File:				
		a backup file.		
	BROWSE	File:		
	BROWSE			
			RESTORE	
				File: BROWSE

To reset the router to factory default settings:

1. Click FACTORY RESTORE to reset the router.

Factory Default Restore		
Restore all settings to default values.		
	FACTORY RESTORE	

2. Wait a few minutes for the restoring and rebooting.

Note:

- During the resetting process, do not turn off or reset the router.
- We strongly recommend you back up the current configuration settings before resetting the router.

#### 7. 9. 3. Change Password

- 1. Visit <u>http://mwlogin.net</u>, and log in with the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to Advanced > System > Administration, and focus on the Change Password section.

Change Password	
Change the router's local management password.	
Old Password:	ø
New Password:	ø
Confirm New Password:	Ø

- 3. Enter the old password, then a new password twice (both case-sensitive). Click **SAVE**.
- 4. Use the new password for future logins.

#### 7.9.4. Local Management

- 1. Visit <u>http://mwlogin.net</u>, and log in with the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to **Advanced** > **System** > **Administration**, and focus on the Local Management section.
- Allow all LAN connected devices to manage the router:

Select All Devices for Local Managers.

cess and manage the router from local network devices.	Local Management		
	Access and manage the router from local	I network devices.	
Local Managers: All Devices	Local Managers:	All Devices	~

- Allow specific devices to manage the router:
- 1. Select **Specified Devices** for Local Managers and click **SAVE**.

.ocal Managem				
ccess and manag	e the router from local	network devices.		
	Local Managers:	Specified Devices	~	
				+ Add Devic
Description		MAC Address		Operation
your pc		08-57-00-00-20-13		而

2. Click Add Device.

Add Device							×
	Description:						
		VIEW COM	NNECTE	ED DE	VICES		
	MAC Address:		-	-	-		
				CAN	ICEL	SAVE	=

- 3. Click **VIEW CONNECTED DEVICES** and select the device to manage the router from the Connected Devices list, or enter the **MAC address** of the device manually.
- 4. Specify a **Description** for this entry.
- 5. Click SAVE.

#### 7.9.5. Remote Management

- 1. Visit <u>http://mwlogin.net</u>, and log in with the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to **Advanced** > **System** > **Administration**, and focus on the Remote Management section.
- Forbid all devices to manage the router remotely:

Do not tick the Enable checkbox of Remote Management.

Remote Management
Access and manage the router over the internet.
Note: Remote Management is not supported when you are connected to the internet only via IPv6. If you want to use Remote Management, please make sure you have set up an IPv4 connection first.  Remote Management:  Enable

• Allow all devices to manage the router remotely:

Remote Management		
Access and manage the router over the i	internet.	
Note: Remote Management is not support want to use Remote Management, pleas		
Remote Management:	Enable	
HTTP Port:	8888	
Web Address for Management:	2.2.2.2	
Remote Managers:	All Devices	

- 1. Tick the Enable checkbox of Remote Management.
- 2. Keep the HTTP port as default setting (recommended) or enter a value between 1024 and 65535.
- 3. Select All Devices for Remote Managers.
- 4. Click **SAVE**.

Devices on the internet can log in to <u>http://Router's WAN IP address:port number</u> (such as <u>http://113.116.60.229:1024</u>) to manage the router.

Tips:

- You can find the WAN IP address of the router on Network Map > Internet.
- The router's WAN IP is usually a dynamic IP. Please refer to **Dynamic DNS** if you want to log in to the router through a domain name.
- Allow a specific device to manage the router remotely:

Remote Management		
Access and manage the router over the	internet.	
Note: Remote Management is not support want to use Remote Management, pleas		
Remote Management:	Enable	
HTTP Port:	8888	
Web Address for Management:	2.2.2.2	
Remote Managers:	Specified Device 🗸	
Only this IP Address:	0.0.0.0	

- 1. Tick the Enable checkbox of Remote Management.
- 2. Keep the HTTP port as default setting (recommended) or enter a value between 1024 and 65535.
- 3. Select Specified Device for Remote Managers.
- 4. In the Only this IP Address field, enter the IP address of the remote device to manage the router.
- 5. Click SAVE.

Devices using this WAN IP can manage the router by logging in to <u>http://Router's WAN</u> IP:port number (such as <u>http://113.116.60.229:1024</u>).

Tips: The router's WAN IP is usually a dynamic IP. Please refer to **Dynamic DNS** if you want to log in to the router through a domain name.

# 7.9.6. System Log

1. Visit <u>http://mwlogin.net</u>, and log in with the password you set for the router.

	Current Time: 2018-07	-20 01:00:10		
	Q		🕞 Refresh	olear Al
1 EXCEPTION 2 EXCEPTION	N hello N 1days, 02:03:04, 6			
Save Log				

2. Go to **Advanced > System > System Log**, and you can view the logs of the router.

3. Click **SAVE TO LOCAL** to save the system logs to a local disk.

#### 7.9.7. Diagnostics

Diagnostic is used to test the connectivity between the router and the host or other network devices.

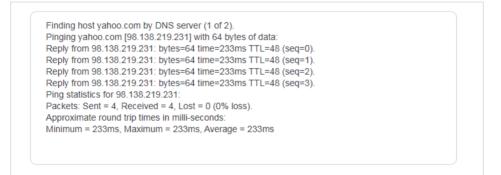
- 1. Visit <u>http://mwlogin.net</u>, and log in with the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to Advanced > System > Diagnostics.

Diagnostics		
Troubleshoot network connectivity proble	ms.	
Diagnostic Tools:	Ping	~
IP Address/Domain Name:		
Ping Packet Number:	4	
Ping Packet Size:	64	Bytes
		START

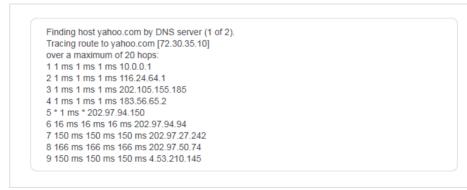
- 3. Enter the information:
  - 1) Choose Ping or Tracert as the diagnostic tool to test the connectivity.

- **Ping** is used to test the connectivity between the router and the tested host, and measure the round-trip time.
- **Tracert** is used to display the route (path) your router has passed to reach the tested host, and measure transit delays of packets across an Internet Protocol network.
- 2) Enter the IP Address or Domain Name of the tested host.
- 3) Modify the **Ping Count** number and the **Ping Packet Size**. It's recommended to keep the default value.
- 4) If you have chosen **Tracert**, you can modify the **Traceroute Max TTL**. It's recommended to keep the default value.
- 4. Click **START** to begin the diagnostics.

The figure below indicates the proper connection between the router and the Yahoo server (www.Yahoo.com) tested through **Ping**.



The figure below indicates the proper connection between the router and the Yahoo server (www.Yahoo.com) tested through **Tracert**.



# 7.9.8. Time

This function allows you to set the time manually or to configure automatic time synchronization. The router can automatically update the time from an NTP server via the internet.

1. Visit <u>http://mwlogin.net</u>, and log in with the password you set for the router.

- 2. Go to Advanced > System > Time.
- To set System Time:

ystem Time	
et the router's system time.	
Current Time:	2010-07-00-01-00-10
24-Hour Time:	
Set Time:	Get from Internet
Time Zone:	(GMT+00:00) Greenwich Mean Time: Dublin, Ed
NTP Server I:	time.nist.gov
NTP Server II:	time-nw.nist.gov (Optiona

- 1. Select the way in which the router gets its time: **Get from Internet**, **Get from Managing Device**, **Manually**.
- 2. Select your local Time Zone.
- 3. Enter the address or domain of the NTP Server 1 or NTP Server 2.
- 4. Click SAVE.
- To set up Daylight Saving Time:
- 1. Tick the **Enable** box of **Daylight Saving Time**.

Automatically synchronize the system tin	ie with day	light savii/	ng time.	
Daylight Saving Time:	Enab	le		
Start: 2019	Mar	~	2nd	~
	Sun	~	02:00	~
End: 2019	Nov	~	First	~
	Sun	~	02:00	~

- 2. Select the start time from the drop-down list in the Start fields.
- 3. Select the end time from the drop-down list in the **End** fields.
- 4. Click **SAVE**.

Note:

This setting will be used for some time-based functions such as firewall. You must specify your time zone once you log in to the router successfully; otherwise, time-based functions will not take effect.

## 7.9.9. Reboot

Some settings of the router will take effect only after rebooting, and the system will reboot automatically. You can also reboot the router to clear cache and enhance running performance.

- 1. Visit <u>http://mwlogin.net</u>, and log in with the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to **Advanced > System > Reboot**, and you can restart your router.
- To reboot the router manually:

Click **REBOOT**, and wait a few minutes for the router to reboot.

Reboot		
Reboot to clear cache and enhance runn	ing performance.	
	REBOOT	

- To set the router to reboot regularly:
- 1. Tick the **Enable** box of **Reboot Schedule**.
- 2. Specify the **Reboot Time** when the router reboots and **Repeat** to decide how often it reboots.
- 3. Click SAVE.

Reboot Schedule		
Set when and how often the router reboot	ts automatically.	
Reboot Schedule: Note: Make sure Time Settings are corre	—	
Current Time:		
Reboot Time:	02 🗸 00	~
Repeat:	Every Day	~

#### 7.9.10. LED Control

The LED of the router indicates its activities and status. You can enable the **Night Mode** feature to specify a time period during which the LED is off.

- 1. Visit <u>http://mwlogin.net</u>, and log in with the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to Advanced > System > LED Control.
- 3. Enable Night Mode.

LED Control				
Turn the router's LEDs on or off.				
LED Status:				
Night Mode				
Set a time period when the LEDs will be a	off automati	cally.		
Night Mode:	Enable			
	at hafara uu	sing this function		
Note: Make sure Time Settings are corre	ct before us	ang ano faneaon.		
Note: Make sure Time Settings are corre Current Time:	ct before us	ang the function.		
	23	<ul> <li>i 00</li> </ul>	~	

4. Specify the LED off time, and the LED will be off during this period every day. Note: The effective LED off time is based on the time of the router. You can go to Advanced > System > Time to modify the time.

5. Click SAVE.

# Appendix: FAQ (Frequently Asked Questions)

### Q1. What should I do if I forget my wireless password?

By default, the wireless network has no password. If the password has been altered, please connect your computer to the router using an Ethernet cable and follow the steps below:

- 1. Visit <u>http://mwlogin.net</u>, and log in with the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to Wireless or **Advanced** > **Wireless** > **Wireless Settings** or to retrieve or reset your wireless password.

# Q2. What should I do if I forget my login password of the web management page?

1. Reset the router to its factory default settings.

#### 2. Visit http://mwlogin.net, and create a password for future login.

Note: You'll need to reconfigure the router to surf the internet once the router is reset, and please mark down your new password for future use.

#### Q3. What should I do if I cannot log in to the router's web management page?

This can happen for a variety of reasons. Please try the methods below to log in again.

- Make sure the router connects to the computer correctly and the corresponding LED light up.
- Make sure the IP address of your computer is configured as **Obtain an IP address automatically** and **Obtain DNS server address automatically**.
- Make sure you enter the correct IP address to log in: <u>http://mwlogin.net</u> or 192.168.1.1.
- Check your computer's settings:
  - 1) Go to Start > Control Panel > Network and Internet, and click View network status and tasks.
  - 2) Click Internet Options on the bottom left.
  - 3) Click **Connections** and select **Never dial a connection**.

General	Security	Privacy	Content	Connections	Programs	Advanced
Scheral	Security	Fillodey	Content		Frograms	Auvanceu
	To set up Setup.	o an Inter	net connec	tion, click	Set	up
Dial-up	and Virtua	Private 1	Network se	ttings		
٨	Broadbar	nd Conn	ection		Add	ł
					Add V	'PN
					Remo	ve
	e Settings for a conr		ed to config	gure a proxy	Sett	ings
Ne	ever dial a	connectio	n			
🔘 Dia	al wheneve	er a netwo	ork connect	tion is not pres	ent	
O Ah	ways dial m	y default	connection	n		
Curi	rent	None			Set de	efault
Local A	rea Netwo	rk (LAN) s	ettings -			
			to dial-up r dial-up se	connections. ettings.	LAN se	ttings

4) Click LAN settings and deselect the following three options, and click OK.

Automatic configurati use of manual setting				
Automatically dete	ect settings			
Use automatic con	figuration s	cript		
Address				
Proxy server				
Use a proxy serve dial-up or VPN con		AN (These	e settings	will not apply to
Address:		Port:	80	Advanced
	server for l	ocal addre	sses	

5) Go to Advanced > Restore advanced settings, and click OK.

General	Security	Privacy	Content	Connections	Programs	Advanced
Setting	s					
	Enable Move Reset Reset Browsing Auton Close Disabl	s expand c Caret Bri system ca text size text size zoom leve natically re unused for e script de e script de	eret with for to medium to medium el for new v cover fron ders in His ebugging (I ebugging ((	new windows a cus/selection of for new window while zooming <sup>4</sup> windows and ta n page layout e story and Favo internet Explor Other)	hanges ws and tabs abs errors with Co rites* er)	E
				t every script e on selection	error	-
			III			. P.
Reset I	internet Ex ets Internet	plorer set	tings	Restore Restore	advanced se	
	lition. should only	use this i	f your brov	vser is in an un	usable state	

- Use another web browser or computer to log in again.
- Reset the router to factory default settings and try again. If the login still fails, please contact the technical support.

Note: You'll need to reconfigure the router to surf the internet once the router is reset.

# Q4. What should I do if I cannot access the internet even though the configuration is finished?

- 1. Visit <u>http://mwlogin.net</u>, and log in to with the password you set for the router.
- 2. Go to Advanced > Network > Status to check the Internet status:

If IP Address is a valid one, please try the methods below and try again:

- Your computer might not recognize any DNS server addresses, please manually configure DNS server.
  - 1) Go to Advanced > Network > DHCP Server.
  - 2) Enter 8.8.8.8 as Primary DNS, and click **Save**.

Tips: 8.8.8.8 is a safe and public DNS server operated by Google.

• Restart the modem and the router.

- 1) Power off your modem and the router, and leave them off for 1 minute.
- 2) Power on your modem first, and wait about 2 minutes.
- 3) Power on the router, and wait another 1 or 2 minutes and check the Internet access.
- Reset the router to factory default settings and reconfigure the router.
- Upgrade the firmware of the router.
- Check the TCP/IP settings on the particular device if all other devices can get internet from the router.

#### If the IP Address is 0.0.0.0, please try the methods below and try again:

- Make sure the physical connection between the router and the modem is proper.
- Clone the MAC address of your computer.
  - 1) Visit <u>http://mwlogin.net</u>, and log in with the username and password you set for the router.
  - 2) Go to Advanced > Network > Internet, select Clone Current Device MAC and click SAVE.

Tips:

- Some ISP will register the MAC address of your computer when you access the Internet for the first time through their Cable modem, if you add a router into your network to share your Internet connection, the ISP will not accept it as the MAC address is changed, so we need to clone your computer's MAC address to the router.
- The MAC addresses of a computer in wired connection and wireless connection are different.

#### • Modify the LAN IP address of the router.

#### Note:

Mercusys routers use 192.168.1.1 as their default LAN IP address. It may conflict with the IP range of your existent ADSL modem/router. If so, the router is not able to communicate with your modem and cause you can't access the Internet. To resolve this problem, we need to change the LAN IP address of the router to avoid such conflict, for example, 192.168.2.1.

- 1) Visit <u>http://mwlogin.net</u>, and log in with the username and password you set for the router.
- 2) Go to Advanced > Network > LAN.
- 3) Modify the LAN IP address as the follow picture shows. Here we take 192.168.2.1 as an example.
- 4) Click Save.

LAN	
View and configure LAN settings.	
MAC Address:	88-CD-04-81-92-55
IP Address	192.168.2.1

- Restart the modem and the router.
  - 1) Power off your modem and the router, and leave them off for 1 minute.
  - 2) Power on your modem first, and wait about 2 minutes.
  - 3) Power on the router, and wait another 1 or 2 minutes and check the internet access.
- Double check the Internet Connection Type.
  - 1) Confirm your Internet Connection Type, which can be learned from the ISP.
  - 2) Visit <u>http://mwlogin.net</u>, and log in with the username and password you set for the router.
  - 3) Go to Advanced > Network > WAN.
  - 4) Select your Internet Connection Type and fill in other parameters.
  - 5) Click SAVE.
  - 6) Restart the modem and the router.
- Please upgrade the firmware of the router.

If you've tried every method above but cannot access the internet, please contact the technical support.

# Q5. What should I do if I cannot find my wireless network or I cannot connect to the wireless network?

#### If you fail to find any wireless network, please follow the steps below:

- Make sure the wireless function of your device is enabled if you're using a laptop with a built-in wireless adapter. You can refer to the relevant document or contact the laptop manufacturer.
- Make sure the wireless adapter driver is installed successfully and the wireless adapter is enabled.
  - On Windows 7

- 1) If you see the message **No connections are available**, it is usually because the wireless function is disabled or blocked somehow.
- 2) Clicking Troubleshoot and windows might be able to fix the problem by itself.
- On Windows XP
- If you see the message Windows cannot configure this wireless connection, this is usually because windows configuration utility is disabled or you are running another wireless configuration tool to connect the wireless.
- 2) Exit the wireless configuration tool (the Mercusys Utility, for example).
- 3) Select and right click **My Computer** on Desktop, and select **Manage** to open Computer Management window.
- 4) Expand Services and Applications > Services, and find and locate Wireless Zero Configuration in the Services list on the right side.
- 5) Right click Wireless Zero Configuration, and then select Properties.
- 6) Change **Startup type** to **Automatic**, click **Start** and make sure the Service status is **Started**. And then click **OK**.

If you can find other wireless network except your own, please follow the steps below:

• Make sure your computer/device is still in the range of your router/modem. Move closer if it is currently too far away.

If you can find your wireless network but fail to connect, please follow the steps below:

- Authenticating problem/password mismatch:
  - Sometimes you will be asked to type in a PIN number when you connect to the wireless network for the first time. This PIN number is different from the Wireless Password/Network Security Key. Usually you can only find it on the label of your router.

P Connect to a Network	X
	N from the router display t the general wireless password
Connect using a security	<u>ekey instead</u>
	Back Next Cancel

- 2) If you cannot find the PIN or PIN failed, you may choose **Connecting using** a security key instead, and then type in the **Wireless Password/Network** Security Key.
- 3) If it continues to show note of **Network Security Key Mismatch**, it is suggested to confirm the wireless password of your wireless router.

Note: Wireless Password/Network Security Key is case sensitive.

- Windows unable to connect to XXXX / Can not join this network / Taking longer than usual to connect to this network:
  - Check the wireless signal strength of your network, if it is weak (1~3 bars), please move the router closer and try again.
  - Change the wireless Channel of the router to 1,6,or 11 to reduce interference from other networks.
  - Re-install or update the driver for your wireless adapter of the computer.